REGISTERED No. 17—1874.

The Bombay Gazette.

8,038.—New Series. BOMBAY :—MONDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1874.

BOMBAY GAZETTE.

Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* for the future be as follow :—

To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 60
Half-yearly	25	Half-yearly	31
Quarterly	13	Quarterly	16
Monthly	5	Monthly	6

To Subscribers Up-country.

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 52	Per Annum	Rs. 67
Half-yearly	29	Half-yearly	35
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Monthly	6	Monthly	7

These Up-country Rates include Postage Rates.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ten Lines and under—

First insertion	Rs. 5 0
Second do.	„ 2 8
Third do.	„ 2 8
Fourth and succeeding insertions	„ 0 2½

As. line, but the Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion	8 As. per Line.
Second do.	4½ „ „
Third and succeeding	2½ „ „

In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matters as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted or Servants Required, Houses or Lodgings to Let, Changes of Residence, Articles Lost or Found, &c., &c.

The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes will be as follows :—

Not exceeding three lines.....Re. 1 0
Each succeeding lines.....„ 0-8 As.

Advertisement exceeding five lines will be charged for at our recent ordinary rates.

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee*, and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash*.

All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied Nonpareil, or the smallest type, 12 lines of which go to the inch.

Domestic Occurrences : Each—Rupees 2.

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances, should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE MALABAR COAST, CEYLON, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Contract with Government, despatch Steamers as above with Mails, Passengers, and Cargo, every week.

The Steam-ship "AFRICA," 2,031 Tons, 350 H. P., Commander C. Heasman, will be despatched on SATURDAY, the 14th November 1874, at 4 P.M.

	November 1874.		November 1874.
Leaves BOMBAY	14	Leaves Tuticorin	22
„ Ratnaghery	15	„ Colombo	23
„ Vingoria	15	„ Near-natam	25
„ Goa	16	„ Pondicherry	27
„ Carwar	16	„ Madras	28
„ Mangalore	17	„ Masulipatam	29
„ Cannanore	18	„ Cocanada	Dec. 1
„ Tellicherry	18	„ Vizagapatam	2
„ Calicut	19	„ Bimlipatam	3
„ Beypore	19	„ Gopalpore	3
„ Cochin	20	„ False Point	4
„ Alleppy	20	Arrives at CALCUTTA	6

Cargo for Singapore and China can be booked by the Steamers on this line hence or from intermediate ports for transhipment at Galle by the Messageries Maritime Company's Steamers, which run regularly.

Also for Batavia, Sourabaya, Tjilatjap, Palembang, Pontianak, Aschen, Padang, & Menado Islands, to go forward by the Messageries Maritime and Netherlands India S. N. Company.

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE PERSIAN GULF, via KURRACHEE

Interchanging Cargo and Passengers at Busreh, to and from Steamers with the Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Mail Contract with Government, will despatch a Steamer every week to the Persian Gulf, touching at KURRACHEE, GUADUR, MUSCAT, BUNDER ABBAS, LINGA, BUSHIRE, FAO, BUSREH, and occasionally at BAHREIN, KOWEIT, and MAHOMERAH.

The s.s. INDIA, 1,069 Tons, 200 H. P., Commander J. Henderson, will be despatched on FRIDAY, the 13th November, 1874, at 4 P.M.

	November 1874.		December 1874.
Leave BOMBAY	13	Leave BUSREH	2
„ Kurrachee	17	„ Mahomerah	2
„ Guadur	18	„ Fao	3
„ Muscat	20	„ Bushire	4
„ Bunder Abbas	22	„ Linga	9
„ Linga	23	„ Bunder Abbas	11
„ Bushire	26	„ Muscat	13
„ Fao	28	„ Guadur	15
„ Mahomerah	28	„ Kurrachee	18
Arrive BUSREH	29	Arrive BOMBAY	21

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH KURRACHEE

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Mail Contract with Government, and in connection with the weekly service from England, will during the fair season despatch a Steamer to Kurrachee every FEIDAY, at 4 P.M., and an Extra Steamer on every MONDAY, at 2 P.M.

The s.s. PENANG, 600 Tons, 120 H.P., Commander J. Avers, will be despatched on MONDAY, the 9th November 1874, at 2 P.M., calling at Veraval, Porebunder, and Cutch Mandvie.

The s.s INDIA, 1,069 Tons, 200 H. P., Commander J. Henderson, will be despatched on FRIDAY, the 13th November 1874, at 4 P.M.

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM TO CARWAR COAST.

THE well-known and Fast Sailing New Steamer PEHLWAN, Commander Cousby, will leave on TUESDAY, the 10th November, at 5 P.M., for unferendum Ports :—Honawar, Bhatkhal, Sultandrug, Mulwan, Vingorla, and Goa (Panjim).

For Passage or Freight apply to the Undersigned at his Office Bazar Gate Street, No. 99, in the house of HOWJEE HOOJHUND DARBAR, opposite to Manockchund Lukhmeechund, and also at his other Office at Burdan Ghullee, out of Fort.

RAMDASS KHAIPAR.

FOR LIVERPOOL OR LONDON.

VIA SUEZ CANAL.

(*To leave about 10th December.*)

THE well-known and favorite Steam-ship STRATHCLYDE, 1951 tons, Captain C. W. Pearson, will be despatched as above. She has very superior accommodation for first and second class Passengers, and generally makes the passage in 30 days. She is fitted with Ice-house, Punkahs, and every other appliance necessary for a steamer in this climate. She carries a Surgeon and Stewardess.

Rates of Passage are :—

1st Class to Suez	£30
Do. to Liverpool	£80
2nd Class to do.	£30

exclusive of Wines, &c., which, however, can be procured on board at moderate prices.

For further particulars apply to

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.
GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.,
Passenger Agents.

Bombay, 1st October 1874.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY,

VIA SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE GENOA, and BOMBAY on the 24th, on the 1st of each month.

PASSENGERS, RATES.

(Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.)

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	
To Aden	£22	£15	£4	Without Food.
Suez	36	22	8	
Port Said	38	24	8	
Alexandria	39	25	9-10	
Messina	50	34	14	
Naples	50	34	14	
Leghorn	50	34	14	
Genoa	50	34	14	
Marseilles (Including Government Dues)	52	35	14-10	

Including Wines.

Children under 3 years, free of charge. Children not above ten years, half fare.

NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY :—

"INDIA," to sail on TUESDAY, 1st December 1874.
"PERSIA," to sail on FRIDAY, 1st January 1875.

The exact hour of departure will be fixed and published a day or two previous to sailing.

For hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c., apply to

G. GRONDONA,
Agent Rubattino Steam Navigation Company,
No. 9 Hummum Street.

Bombay, 1st January 1874.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES per s.s. ENNERDALE.—The s.s. ENNERDALE Captain Thomas, having arrived from Liverpool, under General Average, consigned by steaming in the Red Sea, and Jettison of part of the Cargo, Consignees are requested to sign the Average Bond, and to pay a Deposit of Two per cent. on the value of their Goods on account of General Average expenses to the Undersigned who thereupon will grant Delivery Orders on the presentation of Bills of Lading.

Consignees are further requested to take IMMEDIATE DELIVERY of their respective Goods. No Claims will be entertained after the Steamer's departure.

McCULLOCH, BROWNE & Co.,
Agents for Captain.

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

THE ACT of PARLIAMENT constituting the HIGH COURT of BOMBAY, with the Letters Patent and other Documents relating to the same. Price RUPEES THREE.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

THE Peninsular and Oriental Company's Steamers will be despatched with H. M.'s Mails as follows :—

S.S. TRAVANCORE, 1,900 Tons, November 9th, to South'pton
S.S. HINDOSTAN, 3,113 „ „ 16th
S.S. CATHAY, 2,982 „ „ 23rd to Southampton.

Passengers to Malta, Gibraltar, and Southampton are only booked once a fortnight, and the Steamers proceed direct via the Canal.

Passengers to Brindisi, Ancona, and Venice are carried by every Steamer, but continue to proceed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.

Passengers are requested to send their heavy baggage to Mazagon on the day of the Steamer's departure, before 10 A.M., in order that it may be weighed and labelled previous to shipment.

A small Steamer will leave the New Dock Head at Mazagon at 3 P.M. precisely on the day of sailing.

Cargo can be shipped to the following places in addition to the usual Ports of call, viz. :—" Messina, Naples, Leghhorn, Genoa, Trieste, Odessa, Constantinople, Marseilles, Havre, London, Liverpool and New York."

F. D. PARKER,
Acting Superintendent.

Bombay, 2nd November 1874.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

On Tuesday, the 17th Nov. 1874, at 3 P.M., from Mazagon.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s. s. THIBET, (2,833 tons and 400 H. P.,) Captain C. H. Eastley, will be despatched as above, carrying H. M.'s Mails, and taking also Passengers and Cargo for Madras and Calcutta.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing, and no brokerage will be allowed on any chest of opium, the officer's receipt for which is not indorsed in the Company's Office before noon, on Saturday, the 14th Nov. 1874.

F. D. PARKER, Acting Superintendent.

Bombay, 3rd November 1874.

SALES BY AUCTION.

JEHANGEER HORMUSJEE & COMPANY, No. 12, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

On WEDNESDAY next, the 11th instant, at 1 P.M., Messrs. JEHANGEER HORMUSJEE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, the following :—

Sundries, consisting of spring dalls with key, white copper tea pots, drums, rolls of carpets, pieces of Brussels carpets, butter pots, Abyssinian tops, pin cushions, glass and horn buttons, watch fancy keys, money purses, large and small alpaca umbrellas, with 12 ribs, 1 case of books, 1 powerful camera, by Bland and Long & Co.

Also a quantity of grey and coloured piece goods such as grey shirtings, madapollams, jaconets, chnddies, &c.

2 Cases of Woollen Cloths.
1 Bale Twine.

JEHANGEER HORMUSJEE & Co.

Bombay, 9th November 1874.

BENNETT AND COMPANY, No. 4, FORBES STREET.

AUCTION SALE of valuable and handsome English Mahogany and richly Carved Blackwood Furniture, best plated, rich Crockery and Glassware, a first-class Piano, handsome Carriages, Horses, Harness, &c., at Malabar Hill.

On TUESDAY, the 17th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co., are instructed to submit to Public Auction, at his residence at the above-mentioned place, the valuable and handsome household furniture, piano, carriages, horses, &c., the property of A. E. Ashley, Esq.

Full particulars and cards of admission are given hereafter.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view 4 days before the day of sale.

AUCTION SALE of valuable and Handsome Household Furniture, best Plated, Glass, and Porcelain ware, &c., at Malabar Hill.

Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to submit to Public Auction at his residence, at the abovementioned place, the valuable and handsome household furniture, glass, plated, and porcelain ware, &c., the property of T. B. Ellison, Esq.

Full particulars and the date of sale will be given hereafter.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view four days before the day of sale.

AUCTION SALE of Valuable and Handsome Household Furniture, best Plate, Glass and Porcelainware, &c., at Government Gate Road, Parell, opposite Lowjee Castle.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to submit to Public Auction, at his Residence, at the abovementioned place, the valuable and handsome Household Furniture, Plated, Glass and Porcelainware, Brougham, Horse, &c., the property of D. B. Coppel, Esq.

Full particulars will be given hereafter.

AUCTION SALE of valuable & handsome household furniture, plated, Glass and Porcelainware, &c., at Mazgon, behind the Sudder Court.

On THURSDAY, the 12th inst., at 1 p.m. Messrs. Bennett and Co. are instructed to submit to Public Auction at his residence at the abovementioned place, the valu ble and handsome household furniture, Plate, Glass, and Porcelainware, Piano, Carriage and Horse, &c., the property of a Gentleman changing his residence. The same comprises rich cut glassware, dinner, dessert and breakfast sets, plateware, such as curry dishes, ice pitcher, tea urn, tea set, cruet, breakfast cruet and liqueur frames, beer mug, butter pot, waiter table and chamber candlesticks, set of dope-up and fork, dessert knives and forks, cutlery, &c., a magnificent set of black-wood hall wing-room furniture, exquisitely carved and was ordered for the Paris Exhibition consisting of round table, pair of conversation sofas, easy and drawing-room chairs, covered with real Morocco leather, handsomely carved blackwood pier tables, four-post bedstead, round, dining, and camp tables, dining-room chairs, sideboard, round, sofa, writing and wash tables, predieu, easy, folding and rocking chairs, chiffonier, whatnot, tea poys, plated five light hanging argand and table lamps, carpets, pictures, flower vases, iron bedstead, camp cots, dressing and washing tables, dressing glasses, clothes press, chest of drawers, reclining couches, towel horses, b oks, &c.,

No Catalogues, and the property is now on view.

AUCTION SALE of valuable and handsome household furniture, plated Glass and Porcelainware, a new Billiard Table, by Bennett, &c., at No. 68, Malabar Hill.

On WEDNESDAY, the 25th instant, at 1 P.M., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to submit to Public Auction, at his residence, at the abovementioned place, the valuable and handsome household furniture, plated, glass, and porcelainware, a new billiard table, by Bennett, &c., the property of G. A. Kittredge, Esq., changing his Residence.

Full particulars will be given hereafter.

AUCTION SALE of Valuable and Handsome Household Furniture, best plated, Glass and Porcelainware, Piano, Carriage, Horses, &c., at No. 161, Malabar Hill.

On SATURDAY, the 28th instant, at 1 P.M., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to submit to Public Auction, at his Residence at the abovementioned place, the valuable and handsome Household Furniture, Plated, Glass and Porcelainware, Piano, Carriages, Horses, &c., the property of A. V. Ward, Esq., President Surgeon.

Full particulars will be given hereafter.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 9th November 1874.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. NEUBERG,
GENERAL MERCHANT AND COMMISSION AGENT, BOMBAY.

FOR SALE, A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF

LITHOGRAPHIC STONES,
OF THE FOLLOWING SIZES.

15 by 21 inches. 22 by 28 inches.
18 by 24 do. 22 by 32 do.
19 by 25 do. 20 by 30 do.

SUPERFINE
CARD BOARDS,
FOR MOUNTING PHOTOGRAPHS OR DRAWINGS.

GALVANIZED IRON BATH TUBS,
STRONG, SERVICEABLE,
Specially adapted for
DISTRICT USE.

Length.....3 Feet.
Width.....2 Feet 3 Inches.
Depth.....1 Foot 2 Inches.

PRICE Rs. 12 EACH.
TO CLEAR STOCK.

ANGLO-SWISS CONDENSED MILK,
BY DIRECT IMPORTATION FROM SWITZERLAND,
Rs. 27 per case of 4 dozen Tins.
Rs. 7 per single dozen.
FOR CASH ONLY.

Note.—Observe that the Genuine Swiss Milk has the words "Prepared in Switzerland" written across the label in Red Ink.

TOBACCOS,
JUST RECEIVED, PER S.S. MURIEL,
A FRESH SHIPMENT OF
COPE'S CELEBRATED RIFLE CAKE TOBACCO.
MILD ROSEBUD BRAND.
In 1 oz. Cakes with Fancy Ornamented Cover.

Per Cake.....Rs. 0 4 0
Per lb.....Rs. 3 0 0

BRIGHT CAVENDISH CUT,
In 1 lb. Tins, Rs. 1-12 per Tin.

J. NEUBERG,
MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

MAPS OF INDIA.

FOR SALE, at the "*Bombay Gazette*" Office, a number of MAPS of INDIA similar to those which are incorporated in the *Indian Travellers' Guide*.

PRICE TWO ANNAS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOW READY,
BOMBAY GAZETTE
OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The Bombay Gazette Overland Summary, prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the News of the Week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) Rs. 12
Single Copy.....Annas 4

"Bombay Gazette" Office, Meadow Street, Fort.

NOW READY,
THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT AND SUMMARY OF TRADE,

Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, on the departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains—

A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs' Duties.
Comparative Summary of Exports from Bombay, up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the Total Exports for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1863 and 1870 respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports of Piece Goods and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month and the same period as far back as 1863 and 1870 respectively.
Share List and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and of arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week.

Annual Subscription in advance.....Rs. 10
Single Copy.....Annas 4

"Bombay Gazette," Office, Meadow Street, Fort.

FOR LIVERPOOL.
VIA SUEZ CANAL.
(*To leave about 2nd prozimo.*)

THE well-known and favourite Steam-ship TIMOR, 2,209 Tons, Captain J. Brown, will be despatched as above, and is expected to make the run home as usual in less than 30 days. She has very superior First-class accommodation, and is fitted with every appliance to ensure the comfort of passengers in a tropical climate. A Stewardess is carried.

Rates of Passage, are—

1st Class to Suez.....£30
Do. Liverpool.....£90

exclusive of Wines, &c., which, however, can be procured on board at moderate prices.

For further particulars apply to.

W. NICOL & Co., Agent,
or Messrs. GRINDLEY GROOM & Co.

SECOND CONSIGNMENT.—A few BARRELS of AUSTRALIAN POTATOES. Apply to

JAFFER SULLIMAN & Co.

NOTICE is hereby given, that MUNCHERJEE MERWANJEE JUSSAWALLA has contracted to purchase all that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling house, standing thereon, situate lying and being within the Fort walls of Bombay, in Cawasjee Patel Street, in the Sub-District of Fort and Colaba, and assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 43, and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue, under No. 377, of quit-rent, and subject also to Pension and Tax under No. 39, and standing in the Books of the Collectors of Assessment in the name of the late Purdoonjee Lowjee, and in the Books of the Collectors of Land Revenue, in the name of Cooverjee Manockjee, assessuring One Hundred square yards, be the same little more or less, and bounded as follows :—on or towards the North by the house of Pestonjee Cursetjee Jussawalla, on or towards the South by the house of Jehangirjee Framjee Jussawalla, on or towards the East by the public road, called Cawasjee Patel street aforesaid, and on or towards the West by a sweepers passage and the property of Framjee Jehangir Readymoney, and formerly and now in the occupation of the said Muncherjee Merwanjee Nusserwanjee Jussawalla. All persons having any claim on the said premises by way of mortgage, lease, sale, gift, trust, or otherwise, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to Dr. Jamsetjee Cursetjee Kama, Solicitor, High Court, at his Office, No. 2, Meadow Street, within 14 days from the date hereof, after which time the conveyance will be comp eted without reference to any such claim.

Bombay, 2nd November 1874.

D. S. KEMP & CO.,
WHOLESALE CHEMISTS
AND
MANUFACTURERS.
(PRIZE MEDAL, 1873.)
Price List, Wholesale and General, furnished on receipt of card.
SASSOON HOUSE, 7, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

AKEODERMA.

The Stable, Kennel, and Manageric Friend.
For the cure of Mange and all Skin Diseases.

Per Bottle Rs. 1-8 ; per Doz. Rs. 15.

D. S. KEMP & CO.,
BOMBAY.

MEDICINE CHESTS.

"All Englishmen travel with Medicine Chests."—(*Lt. Howlle B. Disraeli.*)

A LARGE ASSORTMENT KEPT READY FILLED FOR THE CONVENIENCE OF TRAVELLERS AND OTHERS.

"Models of compactness."—*Indian Statesman.*
"Must be both popular and really valuable."—*Englishman.*

D. S. KEMP & Co.,
SASSOON HOUSE, 7, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

EQUATORIAL
HAIR DOUCHE.

Is now firmly rooted in public favour, having supplied
A GREAT WANT
in Indian Toilet economy, namely, something that would enable tho hair to retain its natural softness and gloss equally in an arid and in a moist atmosphere ; that would exert a cooling and a stimulating action on the scalp, but without irritating like Cantharides or causing a sebaceous or scurfy accumulation like Oil. The "Douche" not only fulfils these requisites but imparts beauty and softness to hair which has never naturally possessed these qualities, and restores pristine vigour in cases of growth enfeebled even to baldness.

It need only be added that the "Douche" is a delicious toilet extract of almost fairy fragrance.

Per Bottle, Rs. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8.

D. S. KEMP & CO.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

ON Sale, just received per Timor (s), best plated German Silver-mounted Carriage and Buggy Harness, to be had at Nasserwanjee Framjee Dhoudy, No. 18, Meadow Street.

FOR SALE, a Handsome Roomy English-built LANDAU. Suitable for a Family. Cheap. Address "P." care of *Bombay Gazette* Office.

FOR SALE, a Tangye, 6 H.P., Horizontal Engine with about 40 feet Shafting, Pulleys, and Plummer Blocks, complete. Apply Messrs. FRASER and MILLER

A MARRIED COUPLE, or two Gentlemen, can be accommodated with board and residence in a family at Middle Colaba, on moderate terms.

FOR SALE, a BILLIARD TABLE, apply to G. W. MOULTRIE, Bank of Bengal, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 7th November 1874.

NOW READY,
MOUNTED INFANTRY :
AN ESSAY.
BY
CAPTAIN HOGG,
OTH RE 2ND BOMBAY CAVALRY, AND ADJUTANT POONA HORSE.
May be had at this Office. Price Re. 1.

MESSRS. C. MARCKS & Co., WATCHMAKERS, JEWELLERS, and OPTICIANS, beg to draw the attention of Ladies and Gentlemen of Bombay and Out-stations to their entirely new stock of superior Gold and Silver Lever Hunting, Semi hunting, and Crystal Face Watches, with all the latest improvements, specially manufactured for India, and warrante 1 from 2 to 4 years. A large stock of handsome Jewellery of London Manufacture.

Watches and Jewellery sent free by Post all over India.

Palanquin, Travelling, and Office Clocks, with 8 day key lever escapement, warranted.

Repairs carefully executed with expedition and Guarantee.

Letters to be addressed : C. MARCKS & Co., No. 4, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay.

PATENT WROUGHT NAILS.

J. J. CORDES & Co.,

The Patentees and Sole Manufacturers of the well-known Patent Wrought Nails, commonly known as

"EWBANK'S NAILS,"

desire to make it known that they have adopted a "Star" or "Cross" as their Trade Mark, and that all Nails now made and sent out by them, except clasp, bear this mark upon their heads, and that within every Package sent from their Works is also placed a card bearing their name and address.

Any Nails, therefore, which are not distinguished as above must not be confounded with

"EWBANK'S NAILS,"

he quality of which is so well appreciated as being far superior to that of any other make.

Dee Works :—NEWPORT, MONMOUTSHIRE, ENGLAND.

ROYAL EXCHANGE ASSURANCE CORPORATION.—Policies covering the risk of Fire on Merchandise and buildings in Bombay are issued by

REMINGTON & Co.,
Agents, Royal Exchange Assurance Corporation.

Bombay, 16th August, 1865.

NOTICES.

SASSOON BUNDER,
COLABA,

NOW Open for the Import and Export of Cotton and Wool.

LANDING OR SHIPPING CHARGE.
HALF ANNA PER BALE.

GRANT ROAD THEATRE,
BOMBAY.

LESSEE AND MANAGER ... Mr. HARRY STANLEY.

FOR
SIX NIGHTS ONLY.
COMMENCING
MONDAY, 9TH NOVEMBER AND EVERY EVENING DURING THE WEEK.

THE GREAT DIORAMA.
OF THE
AMERICAN WAR !!!

Under the Patronage of His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh, and their Excellencies

Sir Benjamin Pine	Governor of Natal
Sir Henry Barkly	Governor of the Cape Colony
R. Southey	Governor of Griqualand West
Lord Belmore	Governor of New South Wales
Viscount Canterbury	Governor of Victoria
Marquis of Normanby	Governor of Queensland
Sir George Ferguson Bowen	Governor of New Zealand
The Hon. Chas. Du Cane	Governor of Tasmania
Sir James Ferguson	Governor of Adelaide
Sir Arthur Hamilton Gordon	Governor of Mauritius
Hon. W. H Gregory	Governor of Ceylon

His Honour the President of the Orange Free State,
AND THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Dress Circle	Rs. 3 0	Upper Circle	Rs. 1 0
Stalls	„ 2 0	Pit	„ 0 8

Children Half Price to Dress Circle, Stalls, and Upper Circle.

DESCRIPTIVE LECTURE.....Mr. J. O'BRIEN.

Seats may be secured at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co., where a Plan of the Theatre may be seen.

N.B.—The Manager reserves the right of refusing Money at the Doors.

Doors open at 8-30, commencing at 9 o'clock. Carriages may be ordered at 10-30.

BOMBAY SCRATCH REGATTA, to be HELD on SATURDAY, 14th November. Subscriptions received by Messrs. WHEATLEY MADDEN and Co., any of the Committee or at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

THE NORTH WESTERN HOTEL, LATE GREAT EASTERN BRANCH HOTEL, ALLAHABAD,—Is a FIRST CLASS ESTABLISHMENT, situated within a few minutes walk of the *Railway Station* and close to all the *Public Offices, High Court*, &c., &c.

Every Care and attention is paid to the comfort and convenience of visitors.

The Table d'Hote is most carefully superintended, and the Wines, Beer, and Spirits are of the best and purest description.

WALTER NEWTON, Proprietor.

POLICE ORDER.—As the DEWALEE FESTIVAL is now approaching, the PUBLIC are hereby CAUTIONED against the Import of any PERSON or PERSONS or any FIREWORKS, into or through any Public street, Road or Thoroughfare, he will be taken into Custody by the Police and dealt with according to law. The Police have been directed to strictly enforce this order.

F. H. SOUTER,
Commissioner of Police.

Bombay 3rd November 1874.

PRIMROSE HOUSE, OOTACAMUND.—Every Comfort and Accommodation will be found in the above House by Visitors to the Neilgherries.

The situation healthy and view of the Lake and Blue Mountains uninterrupted and magnificent. Apply to

THE MANAGER,
PRIMROSE COTTAGE,
Ootacamund.

24th October 1874.

NEW BANK OF BOMBAY (Limited).—NOTICE is hereby given, that the BANK, HER MAJESTY'S TREASURY, PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE, and GOVERNMENT SAVINGS BANK, will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 9th, to THURSDAY, the 12th instant, (both days inclusive) for the DEWALE HOLIDAYS.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
W. FRASER,
Officiating Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, 28th October 1874.

BOMBAY SCOTTISH EDUCATION SOCIETY.

BYCULLA SCHOOL—PARELL ROAD.

Head Master—Mr. James McDonald, } With Assistants.
Head Mistress—Mrs. McDonald, }

FORT SCHOOL—91, HORNBY ROW.

Head Master—Mr. A. D. Sinaton, } With Assistants.
Head Mistress—Mrs. Sinaton, }

Music Master—Mr. Joseph Schmuck.

D. C. BOYD, } Honorary Secretaries.
D. MACPHERSON, }

Boarders (Boys and Girls) are received by Mr. and Mrs. McDonald, and by Mr. and Mrs. Smeaton.

Bombay, January, 1874.

THE MANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
ESTABLISHED 1824.
CAPITAL, ONE MILLION STERLING.

The Undersigned have been appointed AGENTS of the Manchester Fire Assurance Company, and are prepared to issue Policies upon Houses, Mills, and other Buildings, Household Furniture, Merchandize, Shipping, &c.

GADDUM & Co., Agents in Bombay.

THE SASSOON SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY (Limited.)
SECOND CALL OF Rs. 200 PER SHARE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a SECOND CALL of Rs. 200 per SHARE on the Shares of the above Company has THIS DAY been made PAYABLE at the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, on or before the 1st day of December 1874. Interest at the rate of 9 per cent. p. annum will be charged on all sums due in respect of said Call and not paid on or before the aforesaid date.—Dated, Bombay, 15th October 1874, 4, Forbes Street.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
COOVERJEE RUSTOMJEE MODY,
Secretary.

THE KHANDEISH SPINNING AND WEAVING MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

ધ્યો ખાનદેશ સ્પીનીંગ એન્ડ વીવીંગ મીલ્સ કુમપની, લીમિટેડ.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of this COMPANY will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 3, Church Lane, on THURSDAY, the 12th day of November next, at 4 P.M., to confirm the following Special Resolutions passed at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company held on the 22nd instant, viz. :—

1st.—That the Capital of this Company be further increased from Rs. 6,25,000 to Rs. 7,50,000 by the issue of 125 whole Shares of Rs. 1,000 each to be reserved for the Company.

2nd.—That the Directors be and are hereby authorized to dispose of the said 125 Shares in manner best suitable for the interest of the Company.

By Order of the Directors,

મુલજી જેઠાભી ઠુંડા.
i.e. MOOLJEE JAITHA & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, 23rd October 1874.

THE NEW BERAR COMPANY (Limited).—NOTICE is hereby given, that the FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of the New Berar Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Rampart Row, Treacher's Building, on FRIDAY, the 13th November, at 3 P.M., for the following business :—

1st—To receive the Director's Report and the Audited Accounts up to the 30th September 1874.
2 d—To declare a Dividend.
3rd—To elect Directors in the room of those who retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.
4th—To appoint Auditors, and fix their remuneration.
5th—To transact any other business which may be brought before the Meeting.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 5th to the 17th November 1874, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,
GADDUM & Co,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, 3rd November 1874.

THE NEW BERAR COMPANY (Limited).—NOTICE is hereby given, that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at 3-45 P.M., on FRIDAY, the 13th day of November, 1874, when it is intended to transact the following business, namely, to pass a Resolution for increasing the Capital of the Company by the issue of 250 New Shares of the nominal value of Rs. 200 each, and that the Sanction of the Company at such Meeting be given to the Directors for increasing such Capital accordingly. That holders of Original Shares shall be entitled to have one New Share for every four Original Shares held by them respectively (such New Shares to be issued at par), provided such Original Shareholders shall accept a duly take up their New Shares within the time, and in the manner to be prescribed by the said Directors, and that the Directors shall be authorized to allot any New Shares not accepted, and taken up as aforesaid, as and to whom they may in their discretion think fit, but so, nevertheless that the said Shares shall not be issued at a value below par, less than the same could be sold in the market. That a formal agreement be entered into between the Company and the Secretaries and Treasurers for a term of years should be made, and the Directors authorized to enter into the same on behalf of the Company.

The said Meeting will also be held for the purpose of considering and passing the following Special Resolution, namely, that Article 41 of the Company's Articles of Association be cancelled, and, in lieu thereof, the following be inserted :—

"Article 41. That any Shareholder not disqualified to vote, as hereafter provided, shall, for and in respect of every Share he holds, be entitled to give one vote on all questions, which may be submitted to any General or Extraordinary General Meeting."

By Order of the Directors,
GADDUM & Co,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, 3rd November 1874.

COPPER-PLATE PRINTING, ENGRAVING, &c.

VISITING CARDS, Invitation Cards, Wedding Cards and Envelopes, Cheques, Bills of Lading, Office and Bank Seals, Seals for Stamping Envelopes, &c., engraved to order, and at moderate prices.

Specimens may be seen at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

NOTICES.

BOMBAY MUSICAL DEPOT,
S. ROSE AND CO.
SOLE BOMBAY AGENTS FOR THE NOTED
GRAND SQUARE "SYMPATHETIC" PIANOFORTE,
FIRST CLASS PRIZE MEDAL AT THE INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION OF 1862.

SECOND-HAND PIANOFORTES (Grands, Semi Grands, and Squares, by Broadwood, Collard & Collard, Stodart, and other Eminet Makers from Rs. 120 to Rs. 800
HARMONIUMS, by Alexandre and other Makers.....from „ 80 to „ 300
AMERICAN ORGANS, by Mason and Hamlin.....from „ 300 to „ 750

PIANOS SOLD ON THE NEW SYSTEM OF HIRE. TERMS ON APPLICATION.

MISCELLANEOUS MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Violins	from Rs. 20	to Rs. 120	Seraphina Angelica or Miniature Harmoniums in Travelling Case complete	Rs.	160

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

SATURDAY EVENING, 7TH NOVEMBER, 1874.

THE LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET yesterday closed quiet but steady, Surats dull, sales 12,000 bales; and to-day's market has been quiet but unchanged, sales, 10,000 imports 1,000 bales. Prices according to Reuter have undergone no change, but private messages speak of increased depression with arrivals 1/16d. lower, and spot prices very irregular. That the position is not even worse than this, is the only matter for surprise, considering the numerous adverse influences at work; the American accounts alone being sufficient to cause great depression. The receipts at the ports show the following comparison:—

	1874.	1873	1872.
Week's Receipts	143,000	154	152
Total since 1st September.	799,000	614,000	785,000
Total exports to United Kingdom.....	234,000	165,000	

Stocks at the ports have increased to 453,000 as against 407,000 last week.

The visible supply of Cotton in and afloat for the U. K. compares with last week and the corresponding date last year as follows:—

	1874.	Last week.	1873.
Stock in Liverpool	580,000	591,000	529,000
" London	105,750	109,125	292,303
American afloat	14,000	129,000	24,000
East Indian "	170,000	180,000	139,000
	1,054,750	999,125	964,303
Price of Mid Orleans	8 3/16d.	8 3/16d.	9 d.
" Fair Dhollera.....	5 1/2 6d.	5½d.	5½d.
Difference...	2¾	3 1/16	3½

The Manchester Piece Goods Market continues very dull, but there is no change in quotations. Reuter's statement of the shipments of goods to the East during October shows very heavy supplies both for Bombay and Calcutta, which added to the large stocks already here will give a total which will require an active demand to absorb.

CONSOLS this morning are still quoted at 93¾; French Rentes have declined again to 98¾. Bar Silver is at 57 13/16, per oz.

Reuter in yesterday's message advises a shipment of £50,000 in silver to Calcutta, but private telegrams we hear of, report £245,000, and there seems to be some idea that the larger portion of this is on account of the German Government.

STERLING EXCHANGE although not quotably lower to-day, has been quieter and tending down wards. GOVERNMENT PAPER is unaltered.

The other Markets have been virtually closed owing to the Dewali, and we have nothing to report respecting them. From Oomrawuttee we hear of a heavy fall of rain yesterday, doing some damage to cotton in the way of black leaf, but the quantity of the crop will not be affected.

BANKS.

No of Shares	Nominal value per sh.	paid up.	Last dividend.	Names.	Cash Rates per Share.
	Rs.	Rs.	p. a.		
100,00	100	all	5 p.ct.	Agra Bank.....	91
22,000	1,000	all	12 p.ct.	Bank of Bengal	1,420
1,0,000	500	all	12p.ct.	Do of Bombay New	745
10,000	500	375	12p.ct.	Do 2nd Res. issue	625
5,25	1,000	all	8 p.ct.	Do of Madras	1,200nom
10,000	250	all	9 p.ct.	Chartered Mercantile Bk of L. & China	200
40,000	2214	all	12 pct.	Ref. & Shanghai Bank	400 nl
10,000	200	all	5 pct.	Chartered Bk. of I. & C.	175
1,0 00	250	all	12p.ct.	National Bank of India.	116xd
40,0,0	25	all	12 do.	Oriental Bank	515

PRESS COMPANIES.

150	5,000	2,850	100p.c.	Akbar Cotton Press Co ...	1,750
200	2 0,0	1,100	50 do.	Albert Co. Kurrachee.....	760
100	50.	all	18p.ct.	Albert Ginning Co.....	6.0
350	3,000	800	Nil.	Alexandra Press Co.....	1,010
250	1,000	200 00	...	Alfred Mills Co	1,110
150	2,000	1,000	15 p.c.	Apollo Press Co.....	4,000
1,000	500	all	..	Berar Company (New) ...	575
200	2,000	all	200p.c.	Bombay Press Co.....	1,200
200	500	all	100 p.c.	Do New.....	475
350	1,000	1,000	65 p.c.	Broach Cotton Co	550
100	1,000	..	17 p.c.	Carwar Company.....	700
600	500	all	70p.c.	Colaba Press Co.....	4,500xd.
300	2,000	all	250p.	Coast India Press Co.....	2,000
150	2,500	all	Rs.225	Fort Press Co.....	4,200
350	2,000	2,000	75 p.c.	Framji Cowasji Press Co.	300
300	500	all	100 p.c.	French Press Co	425
250	5,000	1,400	75 p.c.	Imperial Press Co.....	450
200	2,500	250	..	Nicol Press Manuf. Co..Ld	1,800
120	1,000	750	120 p.c.	Princess of Wales Press....	1,500
200	1,000	all	200 p.c.	Reasoon's Press Co.....	1,200
600	500	375	48 p.c.	Scinde Press Co.....	575
100	1,000	750	Rs. 75	Scinde and Punjab Cotton Press Co., Limited.....	900
120	1,000	1,250	Rs. 50	Victoria Press, Madras..	750
150	250	all	12 p.c.	Vulcan Ins. Co. Gin & Press Co.	1,000
450	1,000	all	100p.c.	Volkart's United Press Co.	980

* Per share, for the half year.

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

62	1,250	all	150 p.c.	Alexandra Spinning	1 460
500	1,500	all	200 p.c.	Alliance Spinning	3,155
800	2,000	all	...	Bhownuggur M. & P. Co.	2,050
900	1,000	all	200p.c.	Bombay United	1,245
1,140	150	1 0 1/2	...	Branch Mills	255 xd
1,000	1,000	750	...	Colaba Spinning	1,190
2 +0	1,000	all.	100p.c.	Duramsey Spinning....	1,725
1,500	1,25	all	125p.c.	Fleming S. W. Co.....	1,215
1,200	1,000	all	115p.c.	Great Eastern	1,485
700	1,000	all	...	Hindustan S. Co.....	1,455
7+0	1,000	all	115p.c.	Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy Mills	1,470
850	1,000	1,000	..	Khan desh Spinning	1,325
300	1,250	1,0+0	..	Madras Spinning.....	1,400
350	1,000	550	65 p.c.	Madras U. Spinning	1,225
1, 00	1,000	all	...	Manockji Petit's	1,435
90	1,000	all	30 p.c.	Morarjee Spinning	1,460
4,0 +	100	all	30p.c.	Oriental	130
600	1,250	250	...	Prince of Wales Spinning	290
10	1,000	1,000	150 p.c.	Soondercias Spinning....	1,500
800	1,000	250	31 p.c.	Do. do. 1/4 share	410

*Per share for the half-year.

LAND COMPANIES.

4,000	5,000	all	Rs. 60	Colaba Land Co.....	1,345
3,000	100	all	Nil.	Frere Land & Pier Co. Ld	145
1,000	1,000	4,000	20p.c.	Mazagon Land	1,450
3,000	1,000	all	15p.c.	Port Canning Land Company, Limited	310

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

	£20	10 8/16	20 p.c	G. I. P. Railway Consoli. dated Stock .....
.....	£20	10 8/16	do.	Do. New £20 Shares ....
.....	£20	13 8/16	2 do.	Ditto ...
.....	£100	1,000	do.	B. B. & C. I. Railway Co.
.....	£10	10 8/16	do.	Do. New Shares .....

BANKS IN LIQUIDATION.

		Date of L'dation		
.....	96	191	...	Bank of China .....
.....	...	...	...	East India Bank .....
.....	20	13	Feb. '67	Indian Peninsula.....

MISCELLANEOUS.

.....	2,500	1,500	240 p.c.	Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation	1,600xd.
21,000	50	all	6 p.ct.	Bombay Gas Company ...	65
600	...	200	8p.ct.	Landing and Shipping Co. of Kurrachee Ld..	155
2,150	200	100	8 p.c.	Malabar Company Ld...	100
4,000	...	all	16 p.c.	Mechanics' Build'g Co...	15
.....	500	all	45 p.c.	Preacher & Co	370
.....	334	all	40 p.c.	Vlegas Patent Slip Co....	50

BANK OF BENGAL.

THE following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 3rd November, as compared with that for 27th October:—

LIABILITIES.	27th Oct. Rs. A. P.	12th Oct. Rs. A. P.
Capital	2,20,00,000 0 0	2,20,00,000 0 0
Reserve Fund	16,97,342 7 9	16,97,342 7 9
Treasury B lance	3,32,12,374 15 5	3,32,52,529 7 5
Total Deposits	2,55,+7,770 0 3	2,75,+7,5+8 6 0
Bank Post Bills, &c.....	8,43,122 3 9	3,40,376 14 11
Sundries	6,08,813 3 0	7,35,092 6 3
	Rs. 8,58,39,623 3 11	8,55 23,278 15 4
ASSETS.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Government securities....	1,83,77,520 12 0	1 85,+7,641 4 0
Loans on Govt. securities.	88,81,175 11 3	88,94,891 11 4
Credits on ditto ...	29,84,026 0 2	36,53,937 6 10
Bills discounted.....	1,70,22,625 5 0	1,67,44 852 12 2
Dead Stock	19,75,289 5 9	19,74,289 14 0
Stamps	12,662 1 6	12,512 15 6
Balances with other Banks	12,56,914 2 8	9,81,084 15 2
Sundries	33,883 2 10	34,+95 1 2
Bull on	4,53,811 1 0	4,50 733 15 8
Casbat Head Office	1,28,36,673 8 2	1,28,55,058 12 5
Do 24 Branches	2 24,35,252 1 5	2,17,36,3+0 3 1
	Rs. 8,58,39,62 3 11	8 55,23 278 15 4

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH OFFICE—8TH NOVEMBER, 8 P.M.

Latest dates from United Kingdom.

Via Russia, 8th November, 3 A.M., Greenwich time. Time in transit, 32 minutes.

Via Suez, 8th November, 1-40 P.M., Greenwich time. Time in transit, 1 hour 10 minutes.

Latest dates from Continent of Europe.

Via Russia, 8th November, 11-32 A.M., Greenwich time. Time in transit, 2 hours 32 minutes.

Via Turkey, 7th November, 2-30 P.M., Greenwich time. Time in transit, 17 hours 57 minutes.

Via Suez, 6th November, 11-25 A.M., Greenwich time. Time in transit, 3 hours 12 minutes.

Latest date from China.

Via Singapore, 5th November, 1-57 P.M. Time in transit, 4 hours 43 minutes.

Latest date from Australia.

Via Singapore, 5th November, 6-0 P.M. Time in transit, 23 hours 11 minutes.

The time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay from 8 P.M. of the 7th to 8 P.M. of the 8th November was as follows:—

	Max.	Min.
From Calcutta	0 25	0 2
" Madras	0 30	0 28

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE S.S. PHLOX, 151 tons, Captain W. Pead, sailed on Saturday last for Coast and Carwar, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—For Goa.—Mr. M. de Quadras, and Mr. J. Brito. For different ports. —Twenty deck passengers.

THE BISON Co's SS ASSYRIA, 969 tons, Captain C C D Hutcheson, sailed on Saturday last for Coast and Calcutta, with a general cargo, and the following passengers:—For Beypore. Surgeon-General, Mrs. and Miss C A Gordon, Mr M J Shaw-Stewart and servant, Captain McCullagh, Mr A Jameson, Surgeon C E M Shaw, Dr King, Drs. Lancaster and Warder, Mr. Batty, Sub-Lieut L M Boddam, and Lieut St Maur, and Servant. For Ratnagherry.—Mr and Mrs Woodward, two children, and four servants. For Carwar—Mr and Mrs Gervoise and two servants. For Goa—Mr G Mendoza. For diffrent ports—Twenty deck passengers.

ARRIVALS.

Nov.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
7	Nimrod	Crocker	Rangoon, Sept 4.
8	Orient (s)	Nesbit	London, Oct 4.
	Salus	Pouanel	Mauritius.

DEPARTURES.

Nov.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
7	Assyria (s)	Hutcheson ...	Coast and Calcutta.
	Phlox (s)	Pead	Coast and Carwar.

The following vessels were entered out for loading on Saturday last:—

Steamer Hindostan, to Aden and Suez.

Steamer Timor, to Liverpool.

STEAMER REPORTS.

GALLE, 5th November, 2-45 P.M.—Mail steamer Ban galore from Bombay arrived.

CALCUTTA

ARRIVALS.

Nov.		
3	Moulmein (s)	Lostit ..... Date of departure Oct 29
	Lady Allan (s)	Lau-en ..... Liverpool, July 18.
	Shelomith	Mollah ..... Jeddah.
4	Ethiopa (s)	Atkinson ..... Bombay, Oct 10.
	Sir J. Mandeville ...	Williams ..... Rio, Aug 27.

DEPARTURES.

Nov.		
	Genova (s)	....
	Arundel (s)	....
	Mofoulite (s).....	....
	Devon (s)	....

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Oct.		
31	Moimein (s).....	.... Calcutta.
Nov 1	Asia (s).....	..... Bombay and S. Ports.
	Purnia (s).....	..... Col.mbo.

DEPARTURES.

Oct.		
31	Moimein (s)	..... Bombay and Galle.
	Java (s).....	..... Calcutta.
Nov 1	Arakoon Apear (s)...	..... Calcutta.
2	Scindia(s)	..... Calcutta.
3	Asia (s)	..... Calcutta.

DAILY IMPORTS.—NOVEMBER 7.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Morris s, 18 cases cast steel, Merwanjee Nusserwanjee's Sons & Co.

1 case ... s, 4,846 bundles iron hoops and spars, W and A Graham & Co.

FROM LONDON.

Hindostan s, 31 cases wine, B and A Hormusjee.

Rajpoot, 103 casks ale, 150 ... sorter, and 250 cases beer, Eduljee Rustomjee Mody; 463 boxes bricks, 3 rnuletstar, and 40 barrels pitch, Byramjee Shapurjee; 250 casks cements, Heptoola Allibhoy & Co; 9 casks empty phials, Tyabally Sumsoodin; 50 cases empty bottles, Volkart Brothers; 6 cases table salt, Hajee Currim & Co.

Lorne s, 10 cases table salt, H F Soor s & Co.

Timore s, 25 cases wine, and 1 case liquors, Lawrence & Co.

DAILY EXPORTS.—NOVEMBER 7.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Muriel s, 15 bales hides, Suriff Dur esh; 1 packet myrabollams, Remigton and Co; 873 cwts myrabollams, Jetha Pursotum; 50 bales cotton, Sonderdass Mowjee.

Parana s, 44 bales wool, B I S N Co; 130 cwts horns, Oomerbhoy Chandabhoy; 112 bales wool, Volkart Brothers; 276 cwts galls, Mowjee Godoo.

FOR LONDON.

Travancore s, 5 bundles E teeth, Ismailjee Rentools.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Hindostan s, 2,500 cwts wheat, Ralli Brothers; 2,500 cwts wheat, and 375 cwts gingelly seed, Finlay Scott and Co; 1,999 cwts gingelly seed, Volkart Brothers.

FOR BRINDISI.

Hindostan s, 1 bale cotton, Volkart Brothers.

FOR TRIESTE.

Hindoostan s, 8 bales hides, P and O Co; 200 bales cotton, A Kunkler & Co.

FOR VENICE.

Hindostan s, 6 bales cotton, P and O Co.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

On the retirement of Colonel H. M. Wilson under the Colonels' retirement scheme, a contemporary says, the given to Colonel E. G. Langmore, at present second-in-command.

AN alteration has been made in the Bengal Army Regulations to the effect that officers serving in British Burmah may, on the recommendation of the Military Board, and with the sanction of the Chief Commissioner, be permitted to embark at Rangoon in anticipation of approval by the Government of India.

ARRIVALS—NOVEMBER 5.

Burnett, Surgn, 68th Light Infantry, on leave, from Poona.

Walker, Colonel, Staff Corps, on leave, from Matheran.

NOVEMBER 6.

Urmston, Lieut-Col, Bengal Civil Dept, on furlough.

NOVEMBER 7.

Flint, Lieut, Royal Artillery, on leave, from Kirkee.

DEPARTURES—NOVEMBER 7.

Gordon, Surgn General, M. dras A M Dept, to join, to Madras.

Shaw, Surgn Major Med Dept, to join, to Madras.

Spens, Major, Staff Corps, on leave, to Matheran.

Murray, Lieut Col, Bengal Royal Artillery, to join, to Meen Mir.

Hume, Major, Beng 150th Regt, to join, to Roorkee.

McCulach, Captain, Bengal Royal Engineers, on duty, to Bangalore.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF, Adjutant General's Office, Head Quarters, Poona, 7th November 1874.

The attention of Commanding Officers is directed to the orders G. G. O. No 514 of 1866 noted in the margin, and it is notified that in every case of the non-observance of the instructions therein laid down No 215 of 1871 down the provisions of para 6 of G G O No 514 of 1866 will be strictly enforced.

His Excellency the C-in-C will proceed on a Tour of Inspection to the Mhow Division and Sind, accompanied by the undermentioned officers:—

The Quarter Master Genl of the Army; The Deny Adjt Genl of the Army; The Military Secy; One Aide-de-Camp.

The following memorandum of the line in which His Excellency will be at the several stations is published for information:—

Leave Poona 16th November 1874, Asseerghur 17th, Mhow 19th and 20th, Indore 21st, leave Mhow 22nd, Rutlam 23th, Neemuch 6th, and 7th December, Nusseerabad 10th and 20th, Ajmere 2 nd, Jeypore 22nd, Agra 23rd and 24th, Delhi 25th and 26th, and Umballa 27th.

Sub-equent movements will be notified hereafter.

All communications for the Adjt Genl's Dept to be forwarded to Poona as usual.

Only such letters for the Quarter Master General's Dept as require immediate attention are to be forwarded to Army Head Quarters at the C-in-Chief's Camp; all others to be addressed to Poona as usual.

Letters for the Military Secretary to H Ex, are to be directed to the care of the Adjt Genl, Poona.

The Army Depts will proceed to Bombay to meet the C-in-C on H Ex's return from tour.

The C-in-C is pleased to make the following appointments:—

6th N I (Rifles)—Maj G S Mignon, S.C., to be Wing Officer vice Lieut-Col Sheppard, appointed 2nd in Command.

8th Regiment N I—Capt J Jacob, S C, to be 1st Wing Subaltern.

The undermentioned medical officers are appointed to do duty with the Troops proceeded to England in H M's Indian Troopship "Euphrates" on the 18th instant:—

Surgn Major G Atkinson; Surgn Maj E A Gibbon; Surgn W Cherry; Surgn P Shepherd, M D; Surgn C Spurway.

The undermentioned officer returned to duty by permission of the Secretary of State for India on the 28 h Oct 1874:—

Staff Veterinary Surgn W Lamb, officiating Inspecting Veterinary Surgn.

The Inspecting Veterinary Surgn is permitted to proceed on his annual tour of inspection.

The undermentioned are reported to have passed the required examination in Hindustani according to the Lower Standard Test:—

3rd Hussars—Qr Mr G Matthews; No 936 Private J Pacey No 1265 Private J Williams; No 1013 Private J Brown; No 1284 Private J Devlin.

9th Brigade Royal Artillery—Capt F C Nicolas.

18th Brigade Royal Artillery—Capt H F P Lewis.

Royal Artillery—Gunner C Hilton

1-t Battalion 2nd Foot—Serjt Newman, No 1066 Private C Cooper.

40th Foot—Lieut H E Haldane.

Qr Mr Serjt Edwin Vincent, Ghizree Sanitarium, is appointed Serjt Maj vice Able remanded for discharge.

No 1173 Private John Davies, 68th Lt Inf'y, is appointed Barrack Serjt, and transferred to the unattached List, with effect from 30th Oct 1874.

Red-ring to G G O No 624 of the 31st ultimo, Serjt Joseph Ward will join the 8 rd Regt.

The following orders are confirmed:—

Mehidpore Station Order—Dated 23rd Oct 1874, directing Capt Blowers, 10th N I, to perform the duties of Station Staff Officer, during the absence of Lieut Hum rey.

1st Regiment Light Cavalry—Regtl order, dated 2nd Nov 1874, directing Maj Jenkins, to officiate as 2nd in Comd, and Maj Har is as 2nd Squadn Officer, in succession to Maj Loch, proceeding on three months' fur ough.

4th Regt N I (Rifle)—Regtl order, dated 22nd Oct 1874, directing Capt Set n, 2nd Wing Subn, to officiate as Qr Mr, in additio to his own duties, vice Capt Marshall, and during the absence on four ough of Capt Comyn.

12th Regiment N I—Regtl order, dated 27th Oct 19 4 directing Maj Reid, officiating Wing Officer, to officiate as 2nd in Comd, and Capt Way, 1st Wing Subn, to officiate as Wing Officer, in addition to his own duties, in succession to Lieut Col Para absent on leave for six months.

Capt Way, 1st Wing Subn, officiated as Wing Officer, in addition to his own duties, from the 1 th to the 2 th Oct 1874.

Capt Way officiated as 2nd in Comd, and Capt Browne as Wing Officer, both in addition to their respective duties, from the 22nd to the 27th Oct 1874.

The undermentioned officer has leave of absence:—

Roy-l Artillery—Lieut J W Norbury (No 2 Paby 6th Brigc) to Bombay for 30 days, from the 4th instant on medical certificate, preparatory to obtaining a final certificate to England.

BENGAL GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

BY THE LIEUT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

(Calcutta Gazette, Nov. 4.)

Mr William Sutherland Wells, Mag and Collr of Fureedpore, is allowed leave for two weeks.

Mr Robert Fulton Rampini, M A, is appointed to act as Mag and Collr of Furreedpore, during the absence, on leave of Mr W S Wells, or until further orders.

Mr Alexander John Fraser, Depy Mag and Depy Collr, Furreedpore, is appointed to have charge of the Moonshe gunge Division of the Dacca District. This cancels the orders of the 12th inst, appointing Baboo Jadub Chunder Goswami to that Division. Mr Fraser will, however, do duty at the Sudder Station of Dacca during Mr R F Rampini's absence on deputation.

Mr Edward Stanford Andrew, Depy Mag and Depy Coll, on special du y at Mudhoobunne, is appointed to have charge of the Sunseran Division of the Shahabad Dist ict.

Mr Joseph Kennedy, who has been recently appointed to be a Member of the Bengal Civil Service, is appointed to be an Asst Mag and Coll r in the Presidency Division, and is posted to Jessore.

Mr Henry Leland Harrison, B A, Mag and Coll r of Midn pore, is allowed leave for three months.

Mr William Benjamin Oldham is appointed to act as Mag and Coll r of Midnapore, during the absence, on leave, of Mr H L Harrison, or until further orders.

Mr R C Hamilton, Extra Asst Comr, Rajmehal, is dismissed from the service of Govt.

Mr George Henry Atkinson, Asst Mag and Coll r, Cuttack, is allowed leave for ten days, with effect from the 13th instant.

The services of Lieut G H Molyneux, 87th Regt of Foot, are replaced at the disposal of the Govt of India in the Mil tary Dept This notification cancels that published at page 1026 of the Calcutta Gazette of the 21st Oct 1874.

The se vices of Mr Henry Musgrave, C S, are placed at the disposal of the Govt of India in the Home Dept.

Mr Anthony Patrick MacDonnell, M A, Joint-Mag and Depy Coll r in charge of the Durbhunga Division, is allowed leave for one month, with effect from any date between the 23rd ultimo and 8th instant.

Mr Alfred Wallis Paul, B A, C S, is appointed to have charge of the Durbhunga Division of the Tirhoot District, during the absence, on leave, of Mr A F MacDonnell, or until further orders.

The services of Major B H Preston, 32nd M N I, on relief duty in Chota Nagpore, are replaced at the disposal of the Govt of India in the Military Dept.

Mr Alfred Augustus Wace, Actg Joint-Mag and Depy Coll r, second grade, on le ve, is posted to the District of Patna.

Mr Francis Henry Bonnet Skrine, Asst Mag and Coll r, on relief duty in Gya, is appointed to have charge of the Chooadangah Division of the Nuddea District.

Mr Henry Gilbon, Asst Mag and Coll r, on relief duty in Tirhoot is posted to the District of Chittagong.

Mr Frank Herbert Stanley Colvin, Asst Mag and Coll r, on relief duty in Beern, is posted to the District of Rungpore.

Mr Herbert John Hamilton Fasson, Asst Mag and Coll r, on relief duty in Hoogapore, is appointed to have charge of the Atia Division of he Mymensing District.

Mr Edward Maxwell Reily, Depy Mag and Depy Coll r, in charge of the Atia Division, is transferred to Tipperah.

Mr William Robert Millar, who has been recently appointed to be a member of the Bengal Civil Service, is appointed to be an Asst Mag and Coll r in the Dacca Division.

Mr William Henry Ryland, Depy Mag and Depy Coll r, is posted to the Sub division of the Sunderbunds.

Mr John Edward Addis Jayre, Depy Mag and Depy Coll r, Seeseram, is appointed to act as Supt of Jails at Bhagulpore, until further orders.

The following postings of Officers of the Forest Department are sanctioned:—

Mr A L Home, Depy C nsrv of Forests, to the charge of the Julpigoree Fores division.

Mr J Sykes Gamble, Asst Conserv of Forests, to the charge of the Darjeeling Forest Division.

Mr Fuchs, Asst Conserv of Forests, to be attached to the Darjeeling Forest Division.

Mr W Johnst n, Asst Conserv of Forests, to the charge of he Palamow Forest Division.

The Lieut-Gover n is pleased to accept the resignation tendered by the Hon J R Bullen Smith of his app in tment as Chairman of the Commission for making improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

The Hon Vernon Hugh Scha ch is reappointed to be Ch irman of the Comm s for making improvements in the Po ts of Calcutta.

The services of the following Officers of he Engineer establishment who were deputed to Bengal for Relief Works, are replaced at t e dispos l of the Gov mentioned opposite to their names from date of their relief in this Province:—

Mr R A Cordner, Ex Engr, 4th grade, from Purneah Special Division, to N W P Irrig tion; Mr R Foley, Ex Engr, 4th grade from Rewah Special Divis on, to N W P Irrigation; Mr L F McLean, Asst Engr, 2nd grade, from Purneah Special Division, to Punjab Irrigation; Mr W Hobson, Asst Engr, 1st grade, from Chumparun Special Division, to Military Works Branch; Mr J H Reid, Asst Engr, 1st grade, from Dinagepore Special Division, to Military Works Branch; Capt W M Story, Asst Engr, 1st grade, from Asst to the Ad itional Chief Engr, to Military Works Branch; Lt E H C meron, R E, Asst Engr, 2nd grade, from Bogra Special Division, to Mi itary Works Branch; and Mr J Purdie, Ass Engr, 2nd grade, from Nor h Bhagulpore Division, to Military Works Branch.

Capt G Begbie, R E, Offg Depy Controller of P W Accounts, is placed the Control Office of Accounts, Bengal, on the 13th Oct 1874 from date.

Mr J P Scotland, Asst Engr, sec nd grade, Eastern Soan Survey Division, is tran ferred to the office of the Supt Engr, Soane Circle, to act as Ferai Asst to the Suptg Engr from the 1st inst.

Messrs A C C Rogers and M J J P Norman, Asst Engrs, third grade, attached to the Pooree Survey and Brahminee Divisions respectively, having passed the pre cribed examination, are promoted to the s cond grade, with effect from the 18th Se t 1874.

Lieut E C Elliston, R E, Ex Engr, fourth grade, having joined his appointment as Ferai Asst to the Suptg Engr, Orissa Circle, on the 10th instant, the unexpired portion of the subsidiary leave granted to him is cancelled.

Mr F B Pemberton, Ex Engr, third grade, Poorsee Survey Division, is granted three months' priv lege leave under medical certificate from the 29th instant, or such date as he may avail himself of it.

MADRAS ARMY ORDERS.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Head Quarters, Ootacamund, 23rd October 1874.

Under instructions from the Depy Adjt-Genl R A in India, by telegram, as regards the Staff Corps, Lieut-Col Bruce is sanctioned provisionally, b tween t pt D V Shortland, G 18th, and Capt C n E Wheatley, n-20th Royal Ar illery.

Cav Wheatley will join G-18th I tantry.

G O C C dated 18th Oct 1874, regarding Capt Murray, 89th, and Capt Lloyd, 76th Regt, is cancelled.

Surgn J C Lawrence, from Presidency Division, to Attached 21st Regt N I.

Surg C Lloyd, M D, from Southern District to Attached 33rd Regt N I—To join forthwith

The 7th Reg N I being under orders for foreign service, Surgn-Major T Croudace, attached, 33rd Regt N I, will join his Regt before the commencement of the march on the 25th Nov next.

Surgn Major E A Gibbon, d d R A, Mount, having completed his tour of foreign service, will proceed to England by the troop ship leaving Bombay, 1st of Nov, and report his arrival to the Director-Genl, Army Medical Dept.

Surgn-Major Gibbon will proceed in Medic l charge of G 18th R A from Bombay to Bombay, on relief by Surgn Major Cherry, on board the Troop-ship, under the orders of the Surg-Genl, British Forces, Bombay,—To travel expeditiously at the public exp nse.

The under-mentioned officers and others have passed the Lower Standard Examination in the Hindoostani Language:—

Secunderabad, 5th October 1874.

Lieut C W Gore, 76th Foot; Surgn R M Craig, British Medical service; Surgn R E Ross, Indian Medical Service; Engr Apprentice E Biggins; Actg Bombardier W R Radford, A-9th R A; and Pte T o Bradshaw, 16th Lancers.

The under mentioned officers have passed through a course of Army Signalling, at the School of Army Signalling, Bangalore, and are qualified as Instructors in that subject:—

Capt C E Murray, 89th Foot; and Lieut J Stuart, 18th Hussars.

Surgn E H Condon, M D, d d from 1-21st Regt, to Medical charge 1-21st Regt, with effect from 6th Oct 1874.

The following p stings are ordered:—

Deputy Surgn-Genl Henry Young, on the recent promotion to British Burmah Division.

Deputy Surgn-Genl W H S Burn, F C S, to act as Depy Surgn-Genl, Bombay-Subsidiary Force during the absence of Depy Surgn-Genl Barclay, or until further orders.

Actg Depy Surgn-Genl S Smith, M D, now acting in Mysore Division and Ceded Districts, during the absence of Depy Surgn-Genl Ranking, or until further orders.

The following orders are confirmed:—

1st Oct 1874—By the Officer Comdg H M's 79th Foot, appointing Lieut D D C McC Mcdonald, to perform the duties of Asst Barrack Master, Bangalore during the Regiment's stay at that Station.

10th Oct 1874—By the Comdt 37th Grenadiers, appointing Capt L B Hynes, to officiate as Wing Officer, without prejudice to his other duties, until the arrival of Major Newman, or until further orders.

15th Oct 1874—By the Comdt 9th N I, appointing Capt C R Oxley, to officiate as Wing Officer, without pr judice to his other duti s as Wing Subaltern, vice Major H T Stuart.

17th Oct 1874—By the Comdt 20th N I, appointing Lieut-Col Capt C C H watson, as Wing Officer, the latter without prejudice to his other duties, vice Lieut-Col W A Decy.

Leave of absence:—

Cad e 6th Regt Lt Cavy—Capt P L Gordon, attached 3rd Lt Cavy, in extension, for three months, Madras sick certificate.

NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES ORDERS.

BY THE LIEUT-GOVERNOR.

(North-Western Provinces Gazette, Nov. 7.)

His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to make the following appointments and postings:—

Mr James White, Deputy Agent of the Rajputana State Railway Police, to be an Asst Inspr Genl of Police for that portion of the Rajputana State Railway which runs through the N W Provinces.

Mr J Elliott, B A, Professor of Mathematics, Muir College, Allahabad, to be Meteorological Reporter to Govt, N W Provinces, with effect from the 1st Nov 1874.

Mr R Evans Offg Joint Mag and Depy Coll r, to the charge of the Sub-division of Ballia Ghazipur dist rict.

Mr R Saunders, Asst Mag and Coll r, Allahabad, to be Asst Settlement Officer, 3rd grade, nd to be posted to Fatehpur.

Mr W Probyn, Asst Mag and Coll r, to officiate as Mag and Collector, with effect from the date of his joining his appointment.

Mr Hugh Shakespear Barnes, C S, whose services have been placed at the disposal of this Govt, is appointed as an Asst to th All-habad istrict, and to be invested with the powers of a Mag of the 3rd class, and with those of an Asst Collr.

Mr J Smith, Joint Mag and Depy Collr, to the charge of the Mozaffarnagar district.

Surgn-Maj H S Smith, Offg Civil Surgn, Saharanpur, to officiate as Civil Surgn of Allahabad, vice Surgn-Maj J Irving.

Surgn-Maj J Jones, Civil Surgn, Azamgarh, to officiate as Civil Surgn of Saharanpur, vice Su gn-Maj H S Smith.

Mr J Jones, Asst Mag and Collr, is transferred from Etah to Allahabad, on the expiry of privilege leave.

The services of Surgn-Maj J Irving, Civil Surgn, Allahabad, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Govt of India, Military Dept.

Mr W E Meares, tempoy Asst Engr, 1st grade, and Asst to Supt Engr, 2nd Circle, reported his arrival at Etah on the 31st Aug, 1874, and took charge of the Moradabad Sub-division, Rohilkhand Province-1 Division, on the 1st Sept.

Mr Jules Perrot, Asst Engr, Narora Division, Ganges Canal, is granted leave f absence on medicel certificate for 31 days from the 29th Sept, the date on which he signified himself of it.

Mr C T Evans, Asst Engr, 1st grade, attached to the 2nd Division, Agra Canal, passed the Lower Standard Examination in Hindustani on the 3rd Aug 1874.

POSTAL NOTICES.

OVERLAND MAIL.

The Overland Mail Steamers of the P. and O. S. N. Company leave Bombay every Monday till further notice.

Letters will be received at the General Post Office up to 5-30 P.M.

Newspapers, Books, and Patterns, up to 3 P.M.

Registered Letters up to 2 P.M. Letters presented for registration will be received between 2 and 4 P.M. on payment of an additional fee of 2 annas on each letter. The additional fee to be paid in stamps affixed to such letters.

Late let

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

Mr. GLADSTONE AND THE ROMAN CATHOLICS.

LONDON, 7TH NOVEMBER.

Mr. Gladstone has published a pamphlet, "A Political Expostulation addressed to Roman Catholics," in which he challenges practice to themselves and the country, to reconcile how obedience to the Papal See is reconciled with Civil allegiance.

PEACE AND THE ROUMANIAN QUESTION.

PARIS, 6TH NOVEMBER.

With reference to the statement lately made that France had notified her intention of supporting the views of Austria, Russia, and Germany consisting the conclusion of commercial treaties direct with Roumania, the French Government disavows having taken any action in the matter.

THE AMERICAN ELECTIONS.

WASHINGTON, 6TH NOVEMBER.

The result of the elections is as follows:—

For the next Senate, 40 Republicans and 33 Democrats have been elected: for the House of Representatives, 111 Republicans and 181 Democrats have been elected.

THE THREATENED RUPTURE BETWEEN CHINA AND JAPAN.

HONGKONG, 5TH NOVEMBER.

Private advices report that no war will take place between China and Japan. China has agreed to pay Japan the sum of 500,000 taels and the Japanese will consequently withdraw their forces from Formosa.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

LONDON, 6TH NOVEMBER, NOON.

Total Week's Sales of Cotton	79,000	bales.
" " Surats	19,000	"
" " Imports of Cotton	76,000	"
" " Surats	15,000	"
" Stock of Cotton	590,000	"
" " Surats	274,000	"
" Stock of Cotton in London	105,750	"

Surats have been in moderate request during the week.

LONDON, 6TH NOVEMBER, AFT.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet but steady. Surats dull.

The London Cotton Market has been quiet.

Fair Dhollera 5 1/16d.

In the Manchester Market, there has been only a limited business doing.

7 lbs. Shirtings	7s.
8¼ lbs. do.	8s. 3d.
40's Mule Twist	1s.

The following vessels have passed through the Suez Canal—Teheran and Emblehope.

Arrivals—Anderson.

Departures for Bombay via Suez Canal—Othello and Canarah.

ARRIVAL OF THE SUPPOSED NANA SAHIB IN CAWNPORE.

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM FOR THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE.")

CAWNPORE, 7TH NOVEMBER.

The Nana Sahib was brought in this morning and landed on the troops' platform. He reached the cells of the 73rd in a closed carriage before mid-day under a European Infantry and Native Cavalry escort.

The question of certain identification is first to be established by unimpeachable witnesses before further proceedings can be taken.

THREE DRAFTS FROM ENGLAND UPON THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT.

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM FOR THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE.")

CALCUTTA, 7TH NOVEMBER.

The Drafts of the Secretary of State upon the Indian Government stand for the present at 110 lakhs monthly.

THE DUFFLA EXPEDITION. APPOINTMENTS FOR THE DUFFLA CAMPAIGN.

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM FOR THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE.")

CALCUTTA, 7TH NOVEMBER.

The following appointments have been made in the Duffla Expeditionary Force:—

Brigadier General W. Stafford, to command.

Captain A Butler, to be Brigade Major.

Captain M. Heathcote, to be Assistant Quarter Master General.

Captain A. Palmer, to be Aide de-camp to Brigadier.

To be attached with Coolie Corps—Lieutenant-Colonel R. Baigrie, Captains R. Wauchope, W. Boyes, Mc L. Hutchinson, Lieutenants Egan, Robertson. Surgeons Keefer and Wilson. Lieutenant-Colonel C. C. Johnson, officiates as Deputy Quarter Master-General from the 15th. Lieutenant-Colonel Roberts is to be Quarter-Master General. Captain M. Heath vote, to be Officiating First Assistant Quarter-Master General.

DOOBREE, 7TH NOVEMBER.

The Sappers, guns, and staff, and 700 coolies in two steamers, passed here to-day, and will reach Gowbatty on the 11th instant.

No sickness.

The last batch of 300 coolies will leave Calcutta on the 15th, the Survey party probably accompanying them.

The Hon'ble Miss Baring is, we observe, among the passengers delayed by the breakdown of the Surat.

The Hon'ble Vernon Hugh Schalch has been re-appointed Chairman of the Calcutta Port Commissioners.

The Directors of the Bank of Bengal, at their meeting on Thursday, made no alteration in the rate of interest or discount.

H. E. the Commander-in-Chief of Madras has postponed his contemplated departure on a short tour indefinitely, in consequence of the state of the Railway lines.

The 5th Lancers, under the command of Lieutenant Colonel Durham Massy, passed through Allahabad on Friday en route to Bombay. The regiment goes home by the Euphrates.

It is proposed to exhibit in Calcutta the museum of curiosities brought from Yarkand by Sir Douglas Forsyth. The exhibition will probably take place in the Dalhousie Institute.

The out-turn of the autumn harvest in Pooree Orissa, has been three-fourths of an average crop. The last rains appear to have caused some damage to the fields in Sarun and the Seetamurhee Sub-division of Tirhoot.

The latest reports on the prospects of the crops in Burmah are all favourable, except that the rats have destroyed much paddy in the Karen Hills, and caterpillars have eaten 239 acres of paddy in the Toungoo district.

There has, it would seem, been another cyclone at Cocanada: or as one of the Madras papers naively puts it, the cyclone has "come round again" to that port! The Master Attendant of Madras received the following telegram on the 3rd instant:—"In a Cyclone, wind east north east. Barometer 29·60, blowing tremendously hard."

According to the *Rangoon Mail* the Recorder's Court was lately enlivened with one or two passages which served to lighten the usual solemnity of its proceedings. In one case the learned judge, wishing to know whether the accused was a *Sikh*, put the question through the salaried interpreter, whereupon that intelligent functionary turned to the prisoner with "*tum bimar hai?*"—i.e., are you sick?

The Khan of the Tekkas, the Lahore paper states, has warned his men not to rob the caravans that pass through his country, lest the Russians should punish him for their conduct. This warning, however, seems to have had no effect, as they robbed a caravan immediately afterwards. The Khan has therefore resolved to leave his country, and is now selling off his property.

The undermentioned Specifications of Inventions have been filed in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of the North Western Provinces:—"Improvements in Taloric Engines:" by John Imray of No. 20, Southampton Buildings, Chancery Lane, in the County of Middlesex, England—"Machine for excavating hard strata in wellsinking:" by F. T. G. Watson.

It is gratifying to learn that the third boat from the late ship County of Perth, containing the second mate and nine sailors, had safely reached the coast near Contai on the morning of the 28th October. The men are being safely looked after by the Sub-divisional Officer. The Government Steamer Sir William Peel was to leave Calcutta on Thursday morning for Russulpore to convey the men to Calcutta.

A Calcutta paper reports that a tremendous fire has broken out at Chowkeedangah in the Raneegunge Coal-fields. Raneegunge is said to be illuminated, at night as by the light of day, though the fire is six miles, distant. The smoke is said to be visible at a distance of 30 miles during the day, and at night the fire or its reflection may be seen at still greater distances, and the conflagration must be very extensive.

An experiment has been tried at Darjeeling with Colonel Money's tea-drying apparatus before an assembly of planters who have testified to the excellence of the invention. There is a considerable saving of fuel by the process and a great lowering of the temperature of the tea-house is the result. Tea prepared by Colonel Money's apparatus is said to be in every respect equal to that which has undergone the old process.

The large and long established firm of Messrs. G. C. Hay & Co., Booksellers and Publishers of Calcutta, is about to be closed, the present proprietor of the business having signified his intention to relinquish his connection with it. The stock, which is large, will be auctioned. It is evident from one or two recent failures in this particular line, coupled with the closing of Messrs. Hay & Co. that this sort of business does not pay in Calcutta.

At last, it is said, there is to be a permanent residence for the Masters and Pupils of the Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy School of Art. The plans have been agreed upon, and the building will soon be taken in hand, on a site selected, as far as we can understand, with the view of making an artistic and classic group of edifices on the east esplanade, comprising St. Xavier's College, the Elphinstone High School, the Goculdas Hospital and the new School of Art.

The *Bangalore Spectator* says:—"We believe that passengers are booked right through now to Madras, and that there is very little delay at the Gorriatum break. Trollies have been provided here for the convenience of lady passengers. Two days ago a large stone boulder near the Tiger rock, on the branch ghauts, showed signs of heeling, so it was turned over, blasted and removed: this delayed the train for one day only, but since then there has been no hitch."

The Nana heavily ironed, or the man who has been sufficiently silly to personate that individual, was brought into Agra on the afternoon of the 4th instant, says the *Delhi Gazette*. He arrived in the station escorted by six Europeans with fixed bayonets—two sitting with him in a oak garrie, and four in a garrie immediately following. The conveyances drove rapidly to the jail followed by a small body of mounted police, and preceded by the District Superintendent of Police and another officer. The prisoner is in the custody of the Civil authorities.

It is reported that a suit has been filed in the High Court Madras, against the Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China, for the recovery of a fixed deposit amounting to Rs. 4,000, and interest thereon from the date when the same fell due. It is said that the objection taken by the Bank to the return of the deposit is, that the depositor cannot produce the receipt issued for the amount of the deposit, the said receipt having been lost in passing through the Post Office en route *from the Bank to the depositor*, and that the Bank claims an indemnity before paying back the deposit.

The *Friend of India* has taken the absurd idea into its head that Sir Madhava Rao may have sent us the "official telegram" to stop the Parsee witness, which we published last Friday week. Sir Madhava Rao is hardly the man, we should think, to interfere in matters that do not concern him, and in justice to him we must say that we have had no communication with him, direct or indirect, on the subject of the capture of the supposed Nana Sahib. The telegram we published was "official," and so was the communication of the following day, intimating that Colonel Osborne, though it better, in spite of Dr. Tressider's evidence, to go on with the inquiry, and requesting that the Parsee witness might be sent to him. "Officials," we suppose, can change their minds, like other people.

The s. s. Teviot from London arrived in harbour at 1-45 P.M., yesterday. She left London on the 4th ult., and encountered such severe weather in the Channel that she had to put in at Spit-head on the 6th. She left Spit-head on the 7th and encountered heavy S. W. winds, and gales. Passed Gibraltar at 1-55 A.M. on the 13th and arrived at Malta at 1-20 on the 17th. Arrived at Port Said at 8 A.M. on the 22nd and went through the Canal. She was subjected to three days detention in the Canal in consequence of the number of ships. She arrived at Suez at 8-40 a.m. on the 24th, left again at 10-50 and anchored in Bombay harbour at 1-45 yesterday afternoon. There were head winds all the voyage. She passed a P. and O. Steamer in the Canal. There were altogether about thirty five passengers for Bombay, twenty of whom were ladies.

Writing on the subject of the refusal of the Government of India to comply with the request of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce in respect of the Compulsory Registration of Partnerships, the *Englishman* says:—"Among the arguments of the Government of India was one that subsequent circumstances have shown to be founded on imperfect knowledge. To the statement that registration was compulsory on the continent of Europe, they replied that England had got on well enough without it. Now, it is curious that, almost at the same time that this reply was being penned, the Associated Chambers of Commerce at the day in order to goad the highly sensitive nature of Koer Singh into throwing off his allegiance, is now matter of history. He is said to have regretted that they would not let him cast his lot with his benefactors. He rebelled at last, and hoisting sword in hand during his retreat towards Oudh. His brother Ameer Singh shared the same fate sometime later. Another actor in this drama, the Mahomedan officer, namely, that I have already mentioned, was one of the heroes of the gallant defence of Arrah. A price had been set on the head by Koer Singh. He was subsequently engaged in active service, with General Sir Vincent (then Brigadier) Eyre's corps of relief in all the subsequent operations in the Jugdeespore and adjoining territory. He was afterwards transferred to Patna where he and another distinguished Mahomedan managed between them and under Mr. Commissioner Samuells to keep the Province of Behar quiet up to the close of the rebellion.

Koer Singh's fate is told. I shall now relate the fates of these two. One was killed by overwork at 60 still doing his duty. He left behind a bright name and an empty purse, his services having been putted on the back and dismissed with a C.S.I. and an honorary seat in the Bengal Council. The other is still living on a Khan Bahadoorship, in the service of the ex-King of Oudh. But he was not a government servant, and hence perhaps some little consideration has been shown to him and his.

My tale is told, I leave it to you to point the moral.

LOYAL TO THE CORE.

A singularly atrocious and cold blooded crime has been committed in the Native Infantry Lines of Umballa Cantonment. The local paper says:—A sepoy of the 32nd Pioneers has been fished out of a well into which he was thrown, his limbs having been previously tightly bound. The police theory is that the man was first drugged for the purpose of robbing him (he was known to have had a considerable sum in a bag round his waist) and on second thoughts strangled and carried to the well which is not more than six feet deep, or thereabouts, with some three feet of water. The deceased had been reported absent from roll-call on the night of the 28th ultimo, and was not discovered until the morning of the 31st. The contents of the stomach have been sent to Lahore for analysis. Meanwhile the servant or chum of the murdered man has been arrested on strong suspicion—a second man is suspected, we are informed, but had not been placed under arrest up to the time we write.

News of Captain Shaw's progress in the direction of Yarkund, says the *Pioneer*, has now brought up our knowledge of his movements to the 30th of September, when his camp was pitched at Koshtak. His party reached Shahidoolah (the Turkistan frontier post) on the 19th, and were received by a *Yuzabashi* (or chief of one hundred) with all the usual honors. From that moment all their wants (whether in the way of food or carriage) have been most hospitably supplied by the authorities. Captain Shaw crossed the Sanju Pass on the 24 h, with the loss only of one sowar's horse, which fell over the *khud*. At Sanju itself, he was received by the Beg, who rode out some way to meet him, and conduct him in. Since then he has been enjoying the hospitality of the Yarkundees, and rejoicing in the luxury of encamping each day under shady groves, in a delightful climate—a comfort the more appreciated after the sterility and cold of his previous route. His reception, we are assured, has been most cordial, and every arrangement has been made for his comfort and convenience. Mr. Russell's movements have been already chronicled, but we now learn that when the Yarkund authorities heard of his approach, they sent supplies and carriage to meet him under the charge of officials, and that as Captain Shaw's party advanced, it frequently met poneys, bullocks, and even camels being taken up independently to Shahidoolah by their owners, who hoped to hire out these animals to Mr. Russell, and also to sell him the provisions which they were carrying. Captain haw was expected to reach Yarkund about the 7th of October.

The *Indian Economist*:—The fortnightly special narratives of the famine were discontinued by order of the Government of India, on the 3rd instant; and a general review of the relief operations, since their commencement, is to be submitted by the 31st October, or "as soon after as may be convenient." It is understood that Sir Richard Temple is engaged on the preparation of this report at Darjeeling. The history of the calamity merits the closest attention we can give it; for its treatment marks an era in our administration of the country. Without shutting our eyes to the difficulties and objections raised against the new policy that has been inaugurated, with such success as to be almost embarrassing, it is satisfactory to know that it admits of no reversal. We are told that under the policy now set up, and the peaceful despotism we have established in the country, the Malthusian law will bring millions of paupers, increasing in numbers by geometrical progression, upon the Revenues, which will consequently break down under strain. We say "only:—sufficient unto the day is the evil thereof." And this reply is all the objector is entitled to, who taking his stand upon a law that assumes so much in the future as known and inevitable that is unknown and conditional, would have us on the strength of that law allow two, three or four millions of men to die of hunger under our eyes, that we may not, as he warns us with tears, see twenty millions so die a generation of years hence. For *that* is what these philosophic adjurations come to. If our Malthusian philosophers mean anything by these objections, they mean that when famine comes Government should fold its hands, and let the people die, lest a worse calamity befal them. We admit the gravity of the reflections to which the existing condition of things in India gives rise; only let us make this gravity the ground of earnest purpose, well considered, and, if need be, resolute action. But to use it to strike the arm of the State with paralysis, when holding out food to people dying of hunger, merits simply indignation. We have said that the Malthusian law assumes the future to be all known and inevitable, while it is all unknown and conditional. One might have supposed that the vast revolution in all economic matters which the discoveries of almost every year are effecting, would have made us sufficiently hopeful of the future at all events to prevent our *executing* the present generation lest the next should not get sufficient food.

The *Daily Telegraph*:—Why Peter the Great should ever have determined to build the new metropolis of his Empire in the midst of the ugly, icy marsh through which the Neva runs, on which is now erected the colossal, the sumptuous, the comfortable, and the unhealthy city of St. Petersburg, is a mystery which no student of politics can be expected to fathom. With equal propriety might Hendrik Hudson have founded New Amsterdam at Spuyten Duyvil, on the Hudson, in lieu of that island of Manhattan where now rises the Empire City of New York. The natural position for a Northern Muscovite metropolis was at Cronstadt, the name of which seems to argue that Peter, at one time, had harboured the thought of setting up his Imperial residence there; but other counsels prevailed, and Petropolis, several miles up the Neva, inaccessible to ships of heavy tonnage, was built, protected by a fortress, the position of which rendered it capable only of bombarding the great gilt spire of the Admiralty opposite. The blunder once committed, however, and the foundation of a hundred places laid, the best had to be made of it; and that best would decidedly have been either the deepening of the Neva's channel or the construction of a ship canal from Cronstadt to the capital. After a period of hesitation, extending over nearly one hundred and fifty years, the Russian Government have at length determined to cut a deep marine canal from Cronstadt to the New Port, and to the River Neva at St. Petersburg. On the New Port large sums of money have been expended; but now the Admiralty have issued invitations for tenders for making the canal itself. The channel is to be twenty-six feet deep, so that our largest ship navigating the Baltic will be enabled to come up to the quay-side at St. Petersburg from whatso ever distant port she may hail, instead of, as heretofore, discharging her cargo into lighters at Cronstadt. The construction of his work cannot fail to be of the greatest value, both from a mercantile and a social point of view, to St. Petersburg. It should make her the Liverpool of the north. It will transform her into a kind of stately architectural exotic shivering in the midst of a chilly desert, to a huge, bustling, prosperous seaport town. The capital of the Czar should become ere long as busy a place as Hamburg; only, unfortunately, the addition of sundry waterside equivalents to our Wapping Old Stairs and Ratcliff Highway may tend somewhat to vulgarise St. Petersburg, and vulgarisation perhaps might do her more good than harm by bringing her somewhat more familiarly into the comity of nations.

HOW KOER SINGH BECAME A REBEL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—One of your correspondents in mentioning the Rebel Koer Singh supposes him to have been a menial servant at one period of his life, and to have risen subsequently to the position he held at the time of his defection. Now, Sir, this is not true. Give the devil his due I say. Koer Singh was the scion of a very old and noble Rajpoot family who had connections among the Chiefs of Rajpootana and Oudh. He was closely related to a neighbouring Rajah, the one of Dumeson. At Jugdeespoor among his tenantry and retainers he was beloved as a kind and liberal master, and respected as a most redoubted soldier. Like many another Chief of his class, his estate was burdened with a heavy load of debt and he was almost entirely in the hands of sowkars and creditors. Shortly before the mutiny, one of the local officers, a distinguished Mahomedan Magistrate and Collector, was appointed by Government to try and settle his debts and relieve his estate. Koer Sing's tenants, with singular devotion not often witnessed in other zemindarees, volunteered to levy a tax on themselves in order to meet a portion of the demands on their master. But Koer Singh would not have it so. The officer appointed to settle his affairs brought his duties to a satisfactory close in a very short time with singular tact and ability, and Koer Singh is said to have felt very grateful to the Government that had put itself to such expense and trouble in order to relieve him. Up to a very short time of his defection, he is popularly believed to have been staunch in his loyalty. But the local officials would not have it so. With an imprudence and recklessness unparalleled among the many reckless acts by which the flame of rebellion was fanned, he was actually driven to his fate by suspicions and slanders on his loyalty and good faith uttered in open Court in the presence of his Agents and friends. What use was made of these by the political Councils of the day in order to goad the highly sensitive nature of Koer Singh into throwing off his allegiance, is now matter of history. He is said to have regretted that they would not let him cast his lot with his benefactors. He rebelled at last, and hoisting sword in hand during his retreat towards Oudh. His brother Ameer Singh shared the same fate sometime later. Another actor in this drama, the Mahomedan officer, namely, that I have already mentioned, was one of the heroes of the gallant defence of Arrah. A price had been set on the head by Koer Singh. He was subsequently engaged in active service, with General Sir Vincent (then Brigadier) Eyre's corps of relief in all the subsequent operations in the Jugdeespore and adjoining territory. He was afterwards transferred to Patna where he and another distinguished Mahomedan managed between them and under Mr. Commissioner Samuells to keep the Province of Behar quiet up to the close of the rebellion.

Koer Singh's fate is told. I shall now relate the fates of these two. One was killed by overwork at 60 still doing his duty. He left behind a bright name and an empty purse, his services having been putted on the back and dismissed with a C.S.I. and an honorary seat in the Bengal Council. The other is still living on a Khan Bahadoorship, in the service of the ex-King of Oudh. But he was not a government servant, and hence perhaps some little consideration has been shown to him and his.

My tale is told, I leave it to you to point the moral.

LOYAL TO THE CORE.

EXPECTED H. M. S. TROOP SHIP MALABAR.

H. M. S. Troop Ship Malabar, is expected to arrive in Bombay Harbour to-morrow from Portsmouth, &c., with the following details of Troops:—From Portsmouth:—54 officers, 7 ladies and 2 children, 549 men-women, and 75 children. From Malta—1 Command, 40 women, and 75 children. From Malta—1 Command, 40 women, and 75 children. From Aden—4 children, 6 Staff Sergeants, 4 women and 8 children, 198 men, 33 women, and 32 children. The following is the list from Portsmouth:—

Major Macgregor, 1/8th Regt	Sub-Lieut H H Bishop, 1/11th Regt
Capt Merchill, 1/8th Regt	Sub-Lieut E Eccles, 1/44th Regt
Capt Herbert, 1/8th Regt, and Lady	Sub-Lieut J G Morris, 44th Regt
Lieut Rogers, 1/8th Regt	Sub-Lieut L S Seyton, 45th Regt
Lieut Hockley, 1/8th regt	Sub-Lieut M J Munro, 48th Regt
Lieut Dixon, 1/8th Regt	Sub-Lieut A Lushington, 54th Regt
Lieut Sprve, 1/8th Regt	Sub-Lieut H A Deane, 54th Regt
Capt (Bt Major) Manners, 2/1st Foot	Sub-Lieut G E Walter, 66th Regt
Lieut Bernard, 44th Foot	Sub-Lieut E E McMahon, 67th Regt
Lieu F Howard, 4 Batt R Brig	Sub-Lieut J L Wooledge, 48th Regt
Lieut Mason, 45th Regt	Sub-Lieut R H Tufnel, 89th Regt
S rg Major S G Leask, 2/12th Foot	Sub Lieut Bailey, 108'h Regt
Capt Twyning, 1/18th Regt, and Lady	Sub-Lieut R M Greenfield, 106th Regt
Mr E H Pargiter, C E	*Army Med Dept.*
Mr A E Newcombe C E	Surg W B Miller,
Mr T R Wynne, C E	Surg G B Hickson,
Mr G E Coles, C E	Surg S H Browne,
Mr W B de Winton, C E	Surg E Mair,
Mr A H Garrett, C E	Surg F J Armstrong,
Mr H W Colchester, C E	Surg L R Dawson,
Mr J S Mallaly, C E	Surg J Oshireo e,
Mr W G Allen, C E	Surg H M Leckler,
Mr J B Davidson, C E	Surg P H Ben-on, and Lady
Mr G R Bond, C E	Surg F Moriarty, Lady, and two childr n
Capt Tringcombe, 72nd Regt	Surg F Howard, and Lady
Lieut W L C Badeley, R E and Lady	Surg G T M Smith, and Lady
Sub-Lieut G H Cheppendall, 1/3rd Regt	
Sub-Lieut J L O' Bryen, 1/11th Regt	
Sub-Lieut H G Ryland, 1/11th Regt	

BOMBAY.

Commissioner of Customs.—Mr. T. C. Hope, the newly appointed Commissioner of Customs, took charge of the office at eleven o'clock last Saturday morning.

The Ramzan.—The principal Musjids were brilliantly illuminated on last Saturday night, it being the twenty-seventh night of the Ramzan.

The Small Causes Courts.—These Courts will be closed from to-day until Wednesday on account of the Dewalli Holidays. They will re-open on Thursday morning.

The Police Courts.—The Fort and Girgaum Police Courts sat from 7 o'clock to 9 a. m. on Saturday, and will do the same for the next three days of the Dewali Festival.

Accident.—One Bapoo Mahadoo while working at the Albert Spinning Mills on Saturday last, had two of his fingers accidently cut off by the machinery. He was removed to the J. J. Hospital at once.

Fire Works in the Streets.—At the Fort Police Court on Saturday last, Mr. Nana Morojee cautioned and discharged altogether seventeen men who were put up before him for letting off fireworks in the streets on Friday night.

Death from Heart Disease.—On last Saturday afternoon as one Mulloo Keseo was engaged in roping cotton bales at the Apollo Press, Lower Colaba, he fell down dead. At the Coroner's inquest a verdict of death from heart disease was recorded.

The Sir Sooba of Nowsaree, who was suspended from his office and ordered to present himself before His Highness the Gaekwar, has explained away the causes of his removal, and returns to Nowsaree in a short time to resume his duties.

A pick-pocket.—As one Narrayan Siggary was walking along the Bowleshwar Road on Saturday evening last, admiring the surrounding preparations for illuminating the houses for Dewalli, he was relieved of Rs. 50 in currency notes which he had in his pocket.

Baboo Norendronath Sen, the Editor of the *Indian Mirror* of Calcutta, and Baboo Krishna Behary Sen, M. A., the brother of Baboo Keshub Chunder Sen, are now on a short visit to Bombay, and are at present the guests of Dr. Atmaram Pandurung, Candawaddy Road.

The Madras and Raichore Mails.—The train bringing in these mails yesterday was nearly an hour late. The Jubbulpore mails instead of waiting at Callian left, and arrived in Bombay twenty minutes before, instead of twenty minutes after the Raichore mail train.

Elopement of a Parsee Girl.—A married girl belonging to the Bottlewalla family, who had been living separate from her husband for some time past, eloped with a Parsee on Friday night last. The erring parties have not as yet been traced, and apparently, no efforts seem to be made to find them out.

Actions for Damages against the G. I. P. Railway Co.—In our reports of the Court of Small Causes, will be found two actions for damages against the G. I. P. Railway Co. In both cases the amounts claimed were paid into Court prior to the hearing, with plaintiff's costs.

Suspicious Death.—On Saturday night, a Parsee woman named Nowasbee complained of sudden indisposition and died immediately afterwards. The mother of the deceased attended the Coroner's inquest yesterday morning, and stated that the deceased had threatened to poison herself. The Coroner adjourned the inquest for eight days, and the police detectives are also at work.

Explosion of a Kerosine Lamp.—A native named Hooka Hmraj was standing under a kerosine hanging lamp in Borah Bazaar Street, Fort, on Saturday last, when quite unexpectedly the lamp exploded, the burning oil severely scalding the unfortunate man's body and face and also setting fire to his clothes. He was at once removed to the Goculdas Hospital, where he was speedily attended to and was soon allowed to go home.

BOMBAY SCRATCH REGATTA.

We mentioned in our Friday's issue that some gentlemen proposed to get up a Scratch Regatta, during the Dewali Holidays, and it would seem that the encouragement offered has been sufficient to induce them to carry out their intentions, as we have now the Programme before us.

The Regatta will take place on Saturday next, the 14th instant, and will comprise four sailing and four rowing matches. Of the sailing matches the first two are for *bona fide* ships boats (the second being confined to life boats); the 3rd race is for yachts of any rig to be handicapped; and the 4th race is for dubash boats. The rowing matches will be, 1st for four-oared gigs and boats, open to all, limited to 25 feet; 2nd for five and six-oared gigs and boats; 3rd for cutters, barges and pinnaces, of men-of-war, mail steamers &c., pulling any number of oars not under eight; and 4th a race for canoes with not less than four paddles.

The proceedings will close with a Duck Hunt and Walking the Greasy Pole.

Captain Searle the Acting Superintendent of Marine, has kindly placed the Auckland at the disposal of the Committee, as a Flag-ship, admission to which is only by *invitation* issued to subscribers.

The amount of the prizes is not named in the programme, the same being contingent upon the amount of money subscribed, and it is to be hoped that the movement will be well supported, as anything to enliven the present dull state of existence here must be acceptable, and aquatics should be doubly acceptable to Bombayites.

SMALL CAUSES COURT.—6TH NOVEMBER.

(Before N. Spencer, Esq., 2nd Judge.)

Thomas Edwards vs. The G. I. P. Railway Company.

This was an action for damages amounting to Rs. 124. The plaintiff on the 26th October last was a passenger by the 2 P.M. mail train from Madras. He got in at the Byculla Railway Station. Prior to doing so, plaintiff purchased tickets for himself and wife and also paid for luggage.

Owing to the break on the Madras line, the plaintiff and his wife could not proceed further than Ghooty and had to return to Bombay, paying return fare for themselves and luggage.

On application to Mr. Conder, the Traffic Manager, their claim for refund was disregarded.

Under the advice of the Railway solicitors, Messrs Hearn, and Cleveland, the Railway Company paid the amount claimed as well as the defendant's costs into Court.

The plaintiff is a solicitor of Kurrachee and left on Friday evening for that place.

(Saturday November 7th.)

(Before Mr. Gunputrao Bhaskerjee, 3rd Judge.)

Muggamam Munsoordass vs. The G. I. P. Railway Company.

This was an action for damages. In July last the plaintiff's agent at Sewree and Bagra sent four consignments of wheat. The number of bags in these consignments amounted to 249. 49 bags were found to have got wet in the journey and were not taken charge of by plaintiff in consequence. The circumstance of the bags in question being damaged was duly intimated to the Company at the time when the other two hundred bags were cleared.

On Mr. Turner stating the plaintiff's case to the judge, he also said that the Company had paid the amount sued for viz. Rs. 190 into Court.

Verdict was therefore given for plaintiff for full amount and costs.

Before Mr. Hormusjee Dadabhoy, 4th Judge.

Babajee Jagganath vs Dhoola Amra and others.

Mr Atmaram for Plaintiff.

Mr Venayek for Defendants.

This was a suit to recover Rs. 200, the summons being as follows:—

"Money had and received by you (defendant) to the use of the plaintiff, being the amount paid by the plaintiff to you erroneously, believing that it was due to you on a promissory note dated 27th March 1870, and executed by plaintiff to you, but which promissory note had already been paid off.

On the case being called on, his Honor said "This money having been paid after proceedings actually commenced, I hold on the authority of Marriott and Hampton (7 T. R. 269) and of several recent cases especially that of Brown v. McKinally (1 Esp 279) that it cannot be recovered,

Mr Atmaram—I submit that inasmuch as the money was paid in ignorance of the fact that the firm of Toka Colah to whom the note in question was passed had granted a release to plaintiff absolving him from liability on the note, the action is maintainable. I rely on the Indian Contract Act.

His Honor—I have not the slightest doubt regards ing the law which is applicable in this case, and I therefore non-suit the plaintiff.

The amount of the suit was Rs 200 and costs Rs 17·

FIRST INSTANCE OF A POST MORTEM EXAMINATION ON A PARSEE WOMAN.

The crime of self-destruction amongst Parsees is daily on the increase. The Coroner of Bombay has, within the present year, held several inquests over Parsees who have committed suicide owing to the most trivial of causes. The chief cause is generally domestic discord and family dissensions. In Bombay, as all the world over, the mother-in-law is always at variance with her daughter-in-law. Amongst Parsees and natives generally nearly all members of one family live together, and as soon as the bride enters the roof of her future lord, the seeds of family quarrels may be said to have been fairly sown. When the late Mr, Nusserwanjee Muncherjee Patloo committed suicide. Dr. Hewlett made some severe strictures on the sin of self-destruction and warned the Parsee community that in future he would in all cases of suspicious deaths, order post-mortem examinations to be held, with the double object of obtaining satisfactory evidence as to the cause of death, and of deterring other people from following the evil course. Notwithstanding the wholesome advice often publicly given by the Coroner, the vicious habit of destroying one's self continues to prevail. On Saturday afternoon, a young Parsee woman, aged about twenty, named Navazbae, the wife of Dadabhoy Cowasjee Mistry, a clerk in the office of Messrs Dallas, Lynch and Tobin, solicitors, destroyed herself by taking some irritant poison It appears that the deceased had two children and was six months advanced with a third child. Owing to some cause as yet unexplained, she lived apart from her parents-in-law, and stayed at her mother's with her husband,—a thing somewhat uncommon amongst Parsees. Up to Saturday morning she was in her usual health, and partook of her morning meals with her husband and her mother. It so happened that a child belonging to a tenant died during the course of the day, and during the absence of her husband in office, and that of her mother at the funeral, she seems to have partaken of some poison, the nature of which is not as yet ascertained, and was taken ill. When the mother returned to her rooms, she found the deceased in a sitting posture with some vomited matter before her. She asked her (deceased) if she had taken anything, when she replied that she would not answer; but before she could complete her sentence, she expired. It further appeared from the evidence of the mother of the deceased, that the bottle of poison was taken out of a box, the lock of which was forced open. The box belonged to the father of the deceased, who was at present in Aden, and who had taken the key with him. The mother made the extraordinary admission that the bottle containing the poison had been in that box for the last twenty years, and that every member in her family was aware of its existence. It was kept as rat-poison. Dr. Rustomjee Nusserwanjee Khory, who was called to attend upon her, stated in his evidence before the coroner, who held an inquest over the body yesterday (Sunday) morning, that the deceased appeared to be suffering from the effects of some irritant poison, which she must have taken in a large quantity, as she died within two hours of her taking it. In answer to a question put to her by Dr. Khory, she said she had taken something, but what it was, it was not elicited from her, as she expired immediately after uttering those words. She died about two o'clock on Saturday afternoon, and strange to say, the Police were not informed of the occurrence until five o'clock. Mr. Inspector Austin on going over the house, found a broken bottle containing some white powder, thrown into the sweeper's passage. Dr. Hewlett, Dr. Sydney Smith, and Dr. Khory were all unable to say exactly what the powder was. Hence a considerable doubt has been thrown over the whole case, and the Coroner thought it his duty to order a post-mortem examination of the body to be made. At one time it was thought advisable to convey the body to the Morgue in Kamatepoora; but on the representation of Mr. Eduljee Rustomjee and one or two other gentlemen to Dr Syney Smith that such a proceeding would be very hurtful to the feelings of the relatives and friends of the deceased, the surgeon to the Coroner, very considerately allowed the examination to be made in her house. He further permitted the dissection of the body to be made by a Parsee licenciate of medicine in his own presence and under his immediate supervision. Dr Rustomjee Merwanjee,—several other Parsee graduates having declined the operation,—he is said to their shame,—conducted the post-mortem examination, and the contents of the stomach of the deceased were taken out, and forwarded to the Government chemical analyser. The Inquest stands adjourned to Tuesday the 17th instant, when the report of the analyst will be submitted to the coroner and the jury.

STATE OF THE CROPS IN THE N.-W. PROVINCES.

Basti, 31st October.—General and very seasonable rainfall on 28th and 29th, average half an inch. Cholera slightly less.

Gorakhpur, 4th November.—Rainfall twenty to thirty-one tenths. Prospects unchanged. Rabi doing well Chori ra less.

Mirzapur, 2nd November.—Rainfall from 27th to 29th October, from one to seventeen tenths, doing a little harm where heaviest, but on the whole good for the crops, which are excellent in Dudhi. Maize at 36 and rice at 23 seers.

Benares, 4th November.—No change.

Jaunpur, 1st November.—Rainfall three to nine tenths on 28 h and 29th, doing good.

Allahabad, 4th November.—Prices fallen; everything most promising.

Banda, 31st October.—Rainfall four tenths in Badausa on 28th, doing much good.

Karwi, 26th October.—No change.

Hamirpur, 2nd November.—No change.

Jalaun, 31st October.—Juar and barley nearly ripe. Rain needed for rabi in Kunch

Jhansi, 4th November.—Rabi sowings in progress.

Agra, 4th November.—Clouds gone. Crops at least average.

Meerut, 4th November.—Kharif harvest begun.

Bijnor, 2nd November.—Prospects unchanged.

Bareilly, 4th November.—Sowings continue.

General Remarks.—No reports from other places, but the general accounts of the kharif harvest and of the rabi prospects continue to be decidedly good.

ADVERTISEMENT.

BOMBAY SCRATCH REGATTA.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1874.

PROGRAMME.

First Race at 2 P.M.—For *bona fide* ship's boats of any rig or size, time allowance one minute per foot over all.

1st Prize 2-3 entrance money and money added
2nd " 1-3 " "

Entrance Rs. 5.

Course.—From stations at Flag-ship The *Auckland* round the inner light ship leaving her on the port hand thence to a boat moored close to the North Buoy or Garanja shoal, leaving that on the port hand, thence to Flag-ship leaving her on the port hand, then again round the inner light-ship leaving her on the port hand and back, passing between the Rendezvous Flag and The *Auckland* Flag ship to win.

Second Race at 2-30.—Sailing match for *bona fide* ships, life boats, any rig or size, no time allowance.

1st prize 2-3 entrance money and money added.
2nd " 1-3 " "

Entrance Rs. 5.

Course.—Same as first race.

3rd Race at 3 P.M.—For yachts of any rig handicapped, if funds permit, a *Cup* will be given.

Entrance Rs. 15.

Three to enter or no race.

Course.—Same as for first race but twice round.

4th Race at

Hon. Mohomed Ali Rogay, and carried, that the Budget Estimate for 1875 for Liquor licenses be passed at Rs. 150,000.

Mr. J. M. Maclean said the next item was public conveyances. This was a very small item of revenue, but this year it was smaller than last year owing to the falling-off in the strength of the most ancient institution of Bombay—the hack buggies. (Laughter.) It seemed there were fewer buggies numbered for next year than there had been for the last year, and so the fees would be less on that account.

It was then proposed by Mr. J. M. Maclean, and seconded by Mr. Byramjee Nusserwanjee Servai, and carried, that the Budget Estimate for 1875 for revenue from public land conveyances be passed at Rs. 2,314.

Dr. Blaney proposed that the Tobacco duty and licenses be passed at Rs. 1,49,000.

The proposition was seconded by Mr Fazulbhoy C. Gangjee and carried.

Mr. Currey said the next item on the income side was the Town Duties, and he begged to move that the Budget Estimate for Town duties to be levied in 1875 be passed at Rs. 6,01,706, and that the duties be levied as under. In connection with the question of Town Dutics, there was a representation from the Mowra distillers, and he would ask the Clerk of the Corporation to read it. He might say for himself that in former years, before the Act authorizing the levy of Town duties was passed, he opposed them, but that since the Act had become law, he had had to drop his opposition and to accept the result. The following are the rates:—

Grain of all sorts per candy, four annas.

Metal (except gold, silver, iron, and steel,) one per cent. on trariff value.

Wines and spirit, per gallon four annas.

Beer per gallon, six pies.

Sugar, including molasses, jagree, and goor, 1¼ per cent. (on tariff value.)

Ghee per Bombay maund, six annas.

Timber (excluding railway sleepers,) 2½ per cent. on market value.

The proposition was seconded by Mr. Raghunath Narayen.

Mr. Barrow, the Secretary, read the petition of the mowra distillers, from which the following are extracts:—

That your Memorialists are Distillers of country spirits which they manufacture at their distilleries on the neighbouring Island of Oorun, and import into Bombay for consumption at that place. That the spirits manufactured by your Memorialists are almost entirely consumed by the poorer classes of the population of Bombay. That the strongest description of liquor manufactured by your memorialists contains the same percentage of alcohol that is found in ordinary brandies, while the milder varieties are considerably weaker. That containing the same per centage of alcohol with the foreign spirits, the country liquors have one indisputable advantage over the former, in that they are pure and unadulterated, while the inferior discriptions of brandies and other spirituous liquors are admitted on all hands to be artificial mixtures produced by the combination of spirits and certain chemical drugs and ingredients of a noxious character. (Laughter.) That although thus inferior in point of purity and comparative harmlessness, (laughter) the common Brandies command a much higher price in the Market than country liquors, mainly because brandies are liquor which, besides being of foreign manufacture, is greatly patronized by the higher classes. (Hear, hear.) The price of the best country spirits at present is Rs. 1-12-0 per gallon while that of brandy of the lowest and most injurious kind is Rs. 5. (A laugh.) That this difference in the prices of the two articles has given rise of late to the practice of concocting cheap brandies in Bombay out of spirits manufactured from toddy. (Hear hear.) That owing to the predilection shown for foreign drinks (a laugh) and the consequent influx of cheap and adulterated spirits from Europe (to say nothing of the brandies manufactured in Bombay itself) country spirits are placed at a very great disadvantage, and your Memorialists have been compelled owing to the strong competition prevailing in the liquor trade, to reduce the price of their goods within the last year or two by fully 13 per cent., a maund of country liquor which formerly sold for Rs. 16, now fetching only Rs 14. That while on the one hand the adulterations miscalled *brandies* does successfully compete with the mowra liquor manufactured by your memorialists, on the other hand, the comparative cheapness of the spirits made from toddy, the cheapness solely owing to the relatively lighter taxation levied upon them, has the similar effect of driving out of the market the article produced by your memorialists. That with the exception of a light and almost nominal tax of annas eight on each date brab tree per year, and a light licence fee ranging from Rs. 75 to Rs. 125 per year, no other impost, whether Municipal or Imperial, is levied upon toddy spirits; whereas the following heavy burdens are laid on the mowra spirits distilled by your memorialists. In the above enumeration of the heavy and multifarious taxation to which the trade of your memorialists is subjected, one feature is especially noticeable, viz. that both the Municipalities of Oorun and Bombay levy duties on mowra spirits, which is not the case with any other description of liquor. Your memorialists have, therefore, learnt with much concern that the Town Council have resolved at a meeting, held on the 22nd October for the purpose of discussing the Budget for the ensuing year, to double the town duty hitherto levied on country spirits by charging four annas per gallon. A similar proposal to enhance the town duties was made last year, but was abandoned on the presentation of a memorial to your Worshipful body. It is true that the four annas are proposed to be levied on all wines and spirits whether of European or native manufacture; but the equality involved in this uniformity of taxation is apparent and not real. As pointed out in the beginning of this memorial, European spirits are more highly priced than native spirits; consequently the same tax will press more heavily on the latter than the former. Moreover, the numerous burdens enumerated above, show that mowra spirits are subjected to taxes which the other liquors that compete with it in the market are free. For these reasons already existing are on enconomic grounds, no enhancement of them can be recommended on grounds of public policy. (A laugh.) It cannot be said that drunkenness has been on the increase among the population of Bombay. The poorer classes of the people, who are the only consumers of country spirits, are remarkably sober —(hear, hear) and will compare most favourably in that respect with most other people. (Laughter.) As a body they cannot be accused of drinking more than is good and even necessary for them. Whatever increase of intemperance there may be is entirely confined to the well-to-do classes, (loud laughter) who consume not country but foreign spirits. So that public policy, if it indicates any enhancement, would seem to point in the direction of foreign spirits, which so far as they are within the reach of the middle and lower classes, are of a most deleterious character. (A laugh.) What with heavy and unequal taxation, and with the general fall in prices, the profits of the business of your memorialists are cut down to that degree, that a bare maintenance is in all cases, all that can be expected out of it, and in some not even that. And the only consequence which your memorialists can foresee of any increase to the present burdens will be that the trade will be demoralized and adulterations which hitherto have been altogether abstained from, will largely prevail. In fact to a very small extent, adulteration is already practised by some of the unprincipled dealers, and country spirits are already beginning to be sold at rates which it is impossible can remunerate any honest manufacturer. (A laugh.) In conclusion, your memorialists would observe that they have of late years been so harassed by continued enhancement in one shape or another, and their profits have so dwindled down to that extent, that they will have one of two things left open to them; either to practise adulteration on an extensive scale—(Laughter) or to shut up their distilleries. Your memorialists, therefore, humbly request that in consideration of the economic unfairness of the impost already levied, and of the almost certain harm to public health and morals (a laugh)—that would follow any increase of them, your Worshipful Corporation will be pleased to rescind the decision of the Town Council and allow town duty at the rate of two annas only to be levied on country spirits as heretofore.

Mr. Kemp said in connection with the town duties there was one remark in the preface to the budget which, as far as his recollection served him, was not quite just. At page 6, it was stated that—" Doubtless, as was the case last year, there will be some opposition to the enhancement of the town duty on European wines." As far as he (Mr. Kemp) remembered, there was no opposition made to the duty on wines last year.

The Hon. Rao Sahib said he had one or two remarks to make on the town duties. They had a heavy item of 7 lakhs and odd to pay as debts, and yet to make nearly all the improvements which Mr. Pedder's proposals would necessarily involve both in regard to drainage and water works. It would be useless to re-open the discussion on the question of town duties. But, situated as Bombay was, he hoped the Corporation would always remember that the town duties were imposed as an exceptional tax in the first instance, and that they should not be kept on as an ordinary source of revenue, but should be abolished as soon as possible. He therefore hoped the Corporation would not pass the resolution lightly. (Applause.)

Mr. Sorabjee Shapoorjee Bengalee said he agreed with the Hon. the Rao Saheb in thinking that there was no use re-opening the discussion about the town duties. There was only one point to which he would call attention. A letter from Messrs. Wallace and Co., addressed to the Town Council about two months ago, complained that they did not receive the refunds that they were entitled to. It was a matter which ought to be kept in view that the municipality of Bombay annually used as its revenue money which did not belong to it. This remark applied not to timber only, but to many other articles. The Act said that the claim for refund should be made in six months; but the merchants complained they could not get it. Really this obstruction was unfair to the trade, and he might say to the prosperity of the place; and he hoped the Corporation would some day represent to Government that the Municipality every year took several lakhs of rupees which it had no right to.

Mr. Pedder said with reference to what had fallen from his friend Mr. Sorabjee Bengalee that to a great extent he agreed with him; but there was one point with regard to Messrs. Wallace and Co.'s letter which needed explanation; and that was that whether timber worked up in Bombay into furniture, was entitled to refunds. He thought that, in the case of timber, the time for refund might be extended to more than six months, and also that the minimum of ten rupees in the case of wines was very heavy. Wines sent by an agent up-country, unless there were more than 20 dozen, did not receive refunds. He would take this opportunity of saying with regard to refunds that great liberality ought to be exercised. (Hear, hear.) When these refunds were first started it was the idea that as much difficulty as possible would be thrown in the way of recovering them. However, since he had come he had tried to do away with that as much as possible, and the result was that the amount of refunds had more than trebled. Another thing he should like to say publicly was that the export trade of grain was also of great importance, not only to Bombay, but to India generally; and it would be very sad if any action on their part were in any way to interfere with it. (Hear, hear.) He had received personal y no complaints about it, and he was therefore, speaking rather from rumour; but he understood that restrictions that had hitherto been in force had to a certain extent injured the export trade in grain. He only wished to be satisfied that the grain was used in Bombay; and he would give every possible facility to the obtaining of refunds (Applause.)

Mr. Currey said the best answer to be given to the mowra distillers would perhaps be to refer their petition to the Town Council for consideration.

Mr. Arbuthnot said he did not see the use of sending the petition to the Town Council, because the memorialists had asked for a reduction of the rate which the Town Council refused to grant. He thought the petition might be sent to Government.

Dr. Blaney did not see why the petition should be sent to the Town Council. The Corporation was the body to which the petitioners had chosen to go; and if the Corporation wished to give an answer, now was the time to do it.

The Hon. Rao Sahib proposed that the petitioners be informed that their request cannot be granted.

Mr. Maclean said if an answer was to be given, it was given in page 6 of the prepatory remarks as follows:—" We must tell the Oorun distillers, if they petition the Corporation again, that we believe that Government have made arrangements to equalize the taxation on toddy spirit with that on mowra." That was the answer to be given; and he proposed it should be given to that effect.

Mr. Currey seconded the proposition.

Mr. Macfarlane seconded the Rao Sahib's proposition. He thought it would be better not to put in the latter of the proposition, because it would simply lead to further petitioning.

Mr. Maclean said some consideration should be shown to the memorialists, who had got a grievance, and they should be told why the petition was refused.

Mr. Macfarlane—Let them find it out themselves.

The Hon. Rao Sahib—I don't mind withdrawing my amendment if the addition to the proposition will soothe the mowra sellers.

Proposed by Mr. J. M. Maclean, seconded by Mr. C. Currey, and carried—" That the mowra spirit distillers, whose petition has been read, be informed in reply thereto, that their request cannot be complied with, and that the Corporation believe Government have made arrangements to equalize the taxation on toddy spirit with that on mowra."

It was then proposed by Mr. T. B. Kirkham, seconded by Mr Shantaram Narayen, and carried—" That the budget estimate for 1875 of the tax on fire Insurance Companies be passed at Rs 16,000."

Proposed by Dr. Thomas Blaney, seconded by Mr. Joomabhoy Lalljee and carried—" That the budget estimate of the halalcore cess for the year 1875 be passed at Rs. 2,05,190; and that the cess be fixed for a private person in respect of his own residence at a sum not exceeding Rs 7, in other cases at 3 per cent of the actual rent payable by each occupier, but in no case shall less than four annas per head per month be paid for any family for halalcore cess."

Proposed by Mr. J M. Maclean, seconded by Mr Nowrojee Byramjee Suntook and carried—" That the Budget estimate of water rate for the year 1875 be passed at Rs 3,14,100, and that the rate be levied in accordance with the Bye-laws sanctioned by Government on the 28th January 1866, but on the following reduced scale:—

Water when delivered through meters to be charged at the rate of 12 annas per 1,000 gallons.

For water not supplied through meter, 3½ per cent. on the 1st 100, 2 per cent. on the 2nd 100, 1½ per cent. on the third, and each successive hundreds of the assessed monthly rental of the house. No house to be supplied with water at a less charge than 12 annas per mensem."

Proposed by Mr. C. Currey, seconded by Mr. Nanabhoy Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, and carried—" That the items of income under the head of 'returns from property and miscellaneous' for the year 1875 be accepted at the amount estimated (Rs. 3,02,947) by the Town Council and the Municipal Commissioner, and shown in page 11 of the printed budget."

This completed the income side of the budget, and on the proposition of Mr. Nanabhoy Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, seconded by the Hon'ble Rao Shaib Vishwanath Narayen Mundlik, the meeting adjourned till 3 p. m. on Friday, 13th instant.

(ADVERTISEMENT.)

HYDERABAD CITY RACES.—1874-75.

STEWARDS.

Mookoodum Jung Bahadoor — Kum-Kum-ood Dowlah (Garrruck Jung Bahadoor — Iub Jung Bahadoor)
Colonel Hackett — Jamadar Joonath Khan
Major A H E Campbell — M H Wilkinson, Esqr
Capt J Boardman — Noel H L Woods, Esqr
Capt Ahmed Abdoola — Henry Ogelvie, Esqr
G H Farrell, Esqr

C B Dunlop, Esqr, Hon Secretary.

1ST DAY, SATURDAY, 19TH DECEMBER 1874.

THE HYDERABAD HURDLE RACE.

First Race.—A Purse value Rs. 400. A Hurdle race for all horses. Winners once 7 lbs., twice 12 lbs. extra. 1½ mile and a distance, over six flights of hurdles.

Entrance 15th November 1874..... Rs. 25.
„ 15th December 1874..... „ 50.

THE PONY HURDLE RACE.

Second Race.—Rs. 150 from the fund. For all Ponies (Arabs excepted) Catch weights. Entrance Rs. 5. To be entered by noon the day before the race. Distance 1½ mile.

THE DECCAN GOLD CUP.

Third Race.—A piece of Plate value Rs 1,000, presented by H H the Nizam's Government; with Rs 500 in specie added from the fund. For all horses. Winners once 3 lbs, twice 5 lbs., thrice or oftener 7 lbs. Maidens of the meeting allowed 3 lbs. Weight for age. Distance 1½ mile.

Entrance 15th November 1874.....Rs 25
„ 15th December 1874.....Rs 50

SIR SALAR JUNG'S CUP.

Fourth Race.—A Cup value Rs. 750, presented by His Excellency Sir Salar Jung Bahadoor. For all horses. Winners of races value Rs. 750 and upwards, once 5 lbs., twice 3 lbs., three times or oftener 10 lbs. extra. Winners of races of less value, once 2 lbs., twice 3 lbs., three times or oftener 5 lbs. extra. Weight for age and class. Distance 1½ mile.

Entrance 15th November 1874..... Rs. 25
„ 15th December 1874..... „ 50

2ND DAY, TUESDAY, 22ND DECEMBER 1874.

THE CIVILIANS' CUP.

First Race.—A Cup value Rs. 750, with Rs. 250 in specie, presented by the Civilians in H. H. the Nizam's Service. A Steeple Chase. Winners once 7 lbs, twice 10 lbs. or oftener 10 lbs. extra, winners of Steeplechases, or Hurdle Races at Moulali a special additional penalty of 3 lbs. for each race won. Weight for age and class raised 28 lbs. Distance 2½ mile.

Entrance 15th November 1874 ..... Rs. 25.
„ 15th December 1874 ..... „ 50.

THE SUDR-UL-MHAM'S CUP.

Second Race.—A Purse value Rs. 750 presented by the Sudr-ul-Mhams of H. H. the Nizam's Government. A handicap for all Horses. Handicap to be made by noon the 19th December 1874. Declarations by noon the day before the race. Distance 1½ mile.

Entrance 15th November 1874 .....Rs. 25.
„ 15th December 1874 ..... „ 50.

THE ARABIAN PURSE.

Third Race.—Value Rs. 750 presented by the Arab Jemadars residing in Hyderabad. Handicap for all Arabs. Terms the same as the Sudr-ul Mham's Purse.

THE CHARGER STAKES.

Fourth Race.—A Purse value Rs. 250. For all Chargers owned by Subscribers to the Races, who are Officers of H. H the Nizam's Regular Force. For all horses. Weight for age and class raised 28 lbs.

Entrance 15th November 1874 ..... Rs. 20
„ 15th December 1874..... „ 40.

3RD DAY, THURSDAY, 24TH DECEMBER 1874.

THE UTTER DAN.

First Race.—A piece of Plate value Rs. 400 presented by the Nawab Shums-ool-Oomrah Ameer-i-Kubeer Bahadoor. A Handicap for all Arabs. Forced for Winners at Rs. 50 for each race won. Open to losers at Rs. 25 p. p. 1½ Mile.

THE CHANGARI DAN.

Second Race.—A piece of Plate value Rs. 400 presented by the Nawab Vikar-ool-Oomrah Bahadoor. A Handicap for all Horses except Arabs. Forced for winners at Rs 50 for each race won. Open to losers at Rs 25 p.p. 1½ mile.

THE STAND PLATE.

Third Race.—A Cup value Rs 250, a Handicap for all horses the property of Residents in H H the Nizam's Dominions that have not run in 1st Class races at Moulalli meeting. 1 mile.

Entrance.....Rs 40 P.P.

Entrances for these Handicaps to be made by 9 A.M. the 2nd day of the meeting. Declarations to start by noon the day before the race.

THE HYDERABAD PLATE.

Fourth Race.—A Cup value Rs. 500 for all Arabs. Weights for age and inches. Maidens allowed 7 lbs. Maidens of the day 10 lbs. Horses entered in this race must be the property of Residents in H. H. the Nizam's Dominions.

Entrances 1st December ..... Rs. 40 P. P.

RULES.

1. Calcutta Turf Club Rules (local Rules excepted.) Decision of the Stewards final on all points.

2. All except aged horses and aged galloways will be aged and measured by the Stewards on a date to be fixed by them not more than 10 days before the Meeting. The Stewards reserve to themselves the right of accepting or rejecting all certificates of age produced before them.

3. All declarations to start are to be made to the Secretary at Chudderghaut by noon the day previous to each Race.

4. Races to which Rs. 400 and upwards from the Fund, or from private donation is given are to be considered first class races: those horses from bona fide different stables, and on different interests, to start, or the cup, purse, or added money will be withheld, save when otherwise specified in terms of race.

5. Horses running in these races, will not be allowed to start for a second class race. Races to which less public money than Rs. 400 is given, and Steeple-chases, and Hurdle Races, will be considered second class races, and horses running in them, will not be allowed to start for a first-class race.

6. All Officers' chargers must have been ridden on five parades previous to the Races.

7. Gentlemen starting horses for 1st class races to pay Rs. 50 loss. Second class races Rs. 25, to the Fund. Subscribers of less than Rs 10 will not be admitted to the Stand or enclosures, or allowed to take part in the lotteries. No forced subscription for Pony races.

8. The Winners of each Race except Ponies are to pay Rs. 5 to the fund. The Winners of each Lottery are to pay 10 per cent on gross amount of Tickets to the fund.

9. A course fee of Rs. 5 will be charged for every horse cantering or galloping on the course, and that must be paid to the Secretary on the first day the horse canters or gallops thereon. This rule will come into force from the 1st November 1874.

10. Horses landed in India within 12 months of the meeting allowed 3 lbs.; within 8 months 5 lbs. except in handicaps.

11. Hallee Sicca Currency, payments to or by parties at a distance to be reckoned at market rates.

12. Any person lodging an objection will be required to deposit Rs. 50 in the hands of the Secretary, which will be forfeited if the objection be decided as frivolous.

13. European Professional Jockies are to carry 7 lbs. extra.

14. The fee for ageing, or measuring, or both, namely Rs. 5, must be sent with the horse, otherwise he will not be aged or measured.

15. All applications for stabling, and sites for tents, to be addressed to the Honorary Secretary, not later than 15th November, in order that arrangements may be made for the required number of stalls for horses and servants, and for forage, &c.

16. Hurdle and Steeple-chase races to be run under Grand National rules.

Hyderabad Deccan, October 1874.

All communications regarding these Races to be addressed to

THE HONORARY SECRETARY
HYDERABAD CITY RACES,
HYDERABAD—DECCAN.

INDIAN NEWS.

HEALTH OF THE SUBURBS OF CALCUTTA.—The number of deaths registered in the Suburbs of Calcutta during the month of September is 877, of which 9 were Christians, 578 Hindoos, and 290 Mahomedans. The ratio per 1,000 of the population per annum is 40·92, and the causes are as follows—cholera, 51; fever, 370; bowel complaint, 169; and 287 from "other causes."—*Indian Daily News.*

THE MADRAS CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY CASE.—Mr. Campbell, at the Town Police Court, on Monday, stated that he considered that a sufficient case had been made out against Edmond D'Rozario, the late Secretary and Treasurer of the Madras Co-operative Society, to be sent before a jury. Mr. Branson, the prisoner's attorney, reserved his defence, and the prisoner was committed to take his trial at the Criminal Sessions of the High Court.—*Madras Times.*

MARLIMUND RESERVOIR.—During the recent heavy rains, a somewhat formidable crack was observed in the Bund of the Marlimund Reservoir. It is supposed that a subsidence had occurred underneath the Bund, and that this with the extra pressure caused by the heavy rains, was the cause of the slip. A number of coolies have been employed on the Bund for the purpose of remedying the defect, which probably is not of a very serious nature.—*South of India Observer.*

CRIMINAL TRIAL HELD ON A SUNDAY.—A couple of Sundays ago, a *gomastah* in the employ of the Paul Chowdrys of Ranaghat was charged before Trevor Grant, Esq., Magistrate of Howrah, with carrying salt in a boat when he had a *rowannah* from the Board of Revenue to carry by rail. The *manjee* was also charged along with the *gomastah* and the Court convicted and sentenced them to pay a fine which amounted to Rs. 2,000. The old mookhtoears of the court say that this is the first trial within their knowledge, held on the Sabbath Day.—*Indian Daily News.*

THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT AND SALT MANUFACTURERS.—We hear that the Board of Revenue have recommended to Government the sanction of Rs. 33,782, for advances to be made to the manufacturers in the Chingleput and South Arcot Districts on account of severe losses sustained by them during the Cyclones of 1872 and 1874. This advance is considered necessary, we believe, in order to encourage the manufacturers to proceed with the works of the ensuing season in time to make up for any deficiencies that may have occurred during the unfavourable seasons referred to, and to prevent loss to Government.—*Madras Mail.*

THE ENQUIRY INTO THE ACCIDENT TO THE "PASSOVER."—The enquiry into the grounding of the Passover on the Cochin bar was held at the Master Attendant's office last week by Mr. KNOX, the Head Assistant Magistrate of Palghaut and the Master Attendant. We hear that the evidence of Captain Smith, that of his officers, and of the Bostswain were taken; as also the evidence of the Head Pilot and of Captain Sharman of the Scotland. There is no doubt that the casualty to the Passover was accidental, and we are certain the decision of the Marine Court will exonerate the Pilot who was in charge of her at the time of the accident.—*Cochin Argus.*

A CURIOUS LETTER.—"Ribston Pippin" sends the following curious letter to the *Madras Times*:—SIR, From the extract published in your issue of this morning, I see that the *Ceylon Observer* has very nearly solved the problem of the quantity of apples eaten in Eden by Adam and Eve, but the correct number has not yet been given. I arrive at it as follows: Adam and Eve had a bet who could eat most, Eve 812240-fy her self. Adam 812240-fy himself, and 1 easily. Total number consumed 893,481—and afterwards the woman died also. Another solution of the problem would be the following:—The bet having been made as to who could eat most, Eve 81240-fy herself, Adam 812240-fy himself, but because, like the whole of his male descendents, he could not resist temptations coming from a dear girl, and 1 easily. This makes 8,201,481 apples, and rather chaws up Brother Jonathan, I guess.

DARING ROBBERY.—Among the cases tried at the last Tinnevelly Criminal Sessions, was a daring case of torch-light robbery. The man whose house was attacked is a weaver, and is in the habit of lending money on interest, receiving jewels and other valuables as security. This was known in the neighbourhood, and hence the robbers pitched on him for a victim. They attacked the house about the time when the inmates were retiring to rest, and after cruelly illtreating the people in it, made away with all the property as they could lay their hands on. Fortunately, four or five of the robbers were identified on the occasion, and these were subsequently arrested, and on being tried by the Session Court, were convicted and sentenced to ten years' rigorous imprisonment each.—*Madras Times.*

A SAD CASE.—On Saturday last, the Court of the Northern Division Magistrate was a scene of great confusion. After the trial of the Criminal cases fixed for the day, Mr. Hazra, overseer of roads in the employ of the Calcutta Municipality, appeared to prosecute a few municipal cases. He had successfully gone through three or four of these cases, and had just opened another, when he suddenly staggered and fell, vomiting a large quantity of blood. He was at once removed to the Medical College Hospital, where he arrived in a dying state, and expired in the course of the night. Mr. Hazra, who was a native Christian, had been in the service of the Municipality for a considerable period, and was very much liked by his superiors, and he earned a good name in his charitable deeds, and his loss will, no doubt, be greatly felt by the poor residing around his house.—*Englishman.*

THE CALCUTTA OPERA.—The season opened on Monday night with a house, to use the home phrase, crowded from the floor to the ceiling. This may not be literally correct as applied to our little Opera House, but every seat seemed to be occupied, and there were some extra chairs. The audience gave no flattering welcome to the new members, receiving them in silence, waiting for the performance to pass judgment. The prima donna soon gave, and the public assembled warmed into approbation. There was on this first appearance a little want of confidence, which will soon ware off, and there can be no doubt about the excellent quality of voices of the new company. The Tenor is suffering from cold contracted in the recent rains. The Base has the most magnificent voice of its class ever heard in Calcutta. It is not the growl of the gorilla—like that which belongs to the gentleman who came with Madame Goddard, but it is one that is more like a church organ, full and musical, with a power of sustaining notes only inferior to the instrument named.—*Indian Daily News.*

On the 15th October the Post Master General addressed the Madras Government as follows:—"I deem it my duty to bring to the notice of Government, for such action as they may see fit, the apparently inadequate sentence lately passed by the Sub-Magistrate of Arcot in the case of an individual convicted before him of having used a postage stamp knowing it to have been before cancelled. This offence is, I fear, not an uncommon one, but the difficulty in bringing home the crime to culprit is very great, and the detection of the previously used stamp in the hurry of closing the mails before obliterating the stamp is difficult by reason of the necessary celerity used in obliterating. Judging from the number of recent trials of offenders for similar crimes and the conviction of others for selling washed stamps, I am under the belief that the crime of using previously used stamps is on the increase. It appears to me, therefore, that the punishment awarded by the Sub-Magistrate, Arcot, of five days' imprisonment with an option of 5 Rupees fine, is not an adequate one for so serious an offence, and one which, if not checked, may entail most serious loss to Government." In reply the Postmaster-General has been instructed that in such cases he should apply to the Collector of Arcot, Arcot, on whose report the High Court is authorized to pass a proper sentence, if it considers that the sentence is inadequate (Sections 296 and 297, Code of Criminal Procedure).

COCHIN.—Mr. George Brunton, in his Commercial Circular dated 29th instant writes:—" Since my last report of the 22nd instant to time of writing no English Mail or Dawk from Bombay or Madras has come to hand though the former was due here on the 27th. Rumours of a cyclone on the Madras side have reached this though nothing certain is known. The Government Telegraph has been interrupted for several days, and the weather here has indicated great atmospheric disturbance elsewhere, and, I fear, some very serious accidents or extensive damage to the Rail has occurred. In shipping, there have been no arrivals. The Frances and Scotland, both with full cargoes for London, have sailed. The Laserena is expected to clear this week. The Passover is still under repair. Cargo for the Otago and St. Rierac, is being locked. Coconaut Oil is in improved demand, and "good white" is anxiously inquired after by European Houses for Home shipment, but at present, none of that quality can be brought forward the wet muggy weather, we have experienced, having spoiled large quantities of Copra which otherwise might have been available for the manufacture of "good white." Dealers refuse to contract for forward delivery. During the week under review, small transactions in Fish Oil have taken place at Rs. 30 per candy, which may now be considered the market rate. Supplies are limited, and the Fish appear to have gone to the North, as it is reported that Oil is being made at Calicut and Tellicherry.

THE FLOODS IN NELLORE.

OUR correspondent at Nellore, writing on the 25th instant, gives the following particulars of the floods in Nellore, regarding which we have already been informed by telegram:—

Since telegraphing to you this morning, the Pennair has risen another foot, and is now quite up to the highest flood ever known, which was 24 feet from the bed of the river, and 16 feet over the anicut. The country is quite inundated. The town of Nellore in some places is five and six feet under water. Bridges have been washed away, fields completely destroyed, and a few houses fallen. The natives are in great dread, and have left their houses to look for a secure spot. Even the European and East Indian residents who entertained the slightest fear, have quite deserted their houses. The Madras Mail has been delayed through the heavy rains, and the Northern Mail has been due for the last two days, boats being unable to cross the Pennair. It has been raining incessantly for the last three days, and there seems to be no symptoms of its stopping. It is to be feared that, before it does, there will be a great loss of property. Houses within a mile of the river are 4 and 5 feet under water. Eighty-six convicts and the greater portion of the police were sent out this morning to repair the breaches. Mr. Vans Agnew, the Collector, Mr. McKenzie, Head Assistant-Collector, Mr. R. Smith, the District Engineer, and Captain Christie, the Police Superintendent, were present and rendered every assistance in their power. Credit also is due to Messrs. Lovejoy, the Jailer, and Smigg and Dando, Police Inspectors, for their able and willing assistance in superintending the repairs. There are some fears entertained of the Nellore tank breaching. It is astonishing how telegraphic communication between Nellore and Madras and Nellore and Bezwarah remains unimpaired. —*Madras Times.*

(*Correspondent Madras Mail.*)

WEDNESDAY, 28TH OCT.

Not only have the crops been destroyed which came within the action of the torrents which rushed across the Suburbs of Nellore in different directions, but the soil also, leaving nothing on which to raise a future crop; and even if another sowing should take place for a late crop, there is not sufficient water remaining in the Nellore tank to irrigate it. The crops as far as news have been obtained, (about 10 miles in circuit) are destroyed. I have been informed upon reliable authority, that the tanks at Butchreddypallium, Sungum, Kaligerri, and Covoor are breached. Those men whom I mentioned in a former letter as being up trees on the north bank of the river (it appears they were 30 in number including 1 policeman), were rescued on Tuesday night after being without food since the previous Saturday. They were in a very weak state; they were conveyed to their several villages; the policeman was brought into Nellore. A large portion of the jail garden wall has been washed down; the road in front of the jail has been cut into ruts several inches deep. About 100 coolies were employed yesterday making good the trunk road; many hundreds more would have been employed but for want of tools and baskets; the part of the road they were employed on was towards the north. There was a great rush yesterday to send telegrams from parties in Nellore. I am informed that more than 50 messages were sent from this and as many received; the Telegraph Master has had a sad time of it; he has no assistant, and the only spot near the town on which he could locate himself after the break on the line was near the Travellers' Bungalow, where he was without shelter of any description, and consequently exposed to the fierce rays of the sun until 6 P.M. Mr. King has been very assiduous in his duty, and has shewn great zeal in endeavouring to carry on his work under great difficulties.

THURSDAY. 29TH.

Mr. Snugg, Police Inspecter, called the Head Comties together, and persuaded them not to raise the price of rice higher than the rate of 14½ seers the rupee. He told them that if they did not conform to these terms he would not be answerable for their stores if a loot took place, as the police were dispersed in all directions about the town and suburbs on special duty. The constables on the General and Taluq Treasury Guards at the Cutcherry here were without food for two days; their families being residents of Mulapett, there was no access to them; on the 3rd day Mr. Snugg persuaded a Comtie to advance them some money for their present necessities. The roads and fields are now getting dry. The sun yesterday was very powerful—so it is this day (Friday), but to look at the destruction around us, casts a gloom upon even such a bright day as this. I will give you an account of the state of Mulapett to-morrow.

FRIDAY, 30TH.

This morning I turned out with a determination to make my way to Mulapett. Accordingly I proceeded up the trunk road, towards the Travellers' Bungalow and soon arrived at the first chasm. This extends along the road for about 100 yards; the torrent has torn up every thing in its course to a great depth. After proceeding onwards about 100 yards, I arrived at the 2nd chasm, which is about 150 yards wide, and the scene at this spot is indeed awfully grand; the water having partially run off, the effects of its ravages are brought to view. I have no doubt when it is entirely dry the foundations of the bridge which stood here will be exposed; the heavy stones of which it was built are scattered hither and thither as if they had been so many boy's marbles. After climbing over the remains of the arches and debris, I had to take to the water in order to reach the other side. I was assisted by some coolies to reach that or I could not have accomplished it, as the stones are lying some with their sharp edges upwards, some interwoven, in fact in all ways except flat, and these being under water, of course you cannot choose your path. This is the chasm which prevented the runners bringing in the Mails from Madras. At last crossing in safety to the south side of the road. I found myself in the vicinity of the Court-house. The water had not entered this building, but it had reached the steps leading to the hall; the Munsiff's Court on the opposite side was also intact. From this I turned into the jail garden, and found the crops much damaged; the Eastern wall of this enclosure is completely annihilated. I proceeded to the front of the jail, and found the road in there had been cut up into ruts several inches deep; from this I saw the jail bridge from the Mulapett side; what little of it remains on this side is still under water. There were many poor natives' huts at the west side of the bridge here, but they have all vanished. Continuing onwards, I arrived near the Police lines; before the flood there was near here a quantity of huts occupied by poor pensioned sepoys. Most of these have been swept away, and the inmates left to find the best shelter they could. Presently I arrived at the 1st bridge on the road to the maidan; I will merely observe that the superstructure is entirely demolished. Very near to the view of the large Nellore tank, and very shortly arrived at the spot where there was formerly a bridge, but nothing is to be seen of it now but ruins; it is *non est.* Very close to this spot the tank was breached; it is opposite to the "Rajah's Bungalow," now occupied by Mr. J. R. Daniel, the Acting District Judge of Nellore. Here I found about 400 coolies employed in clearing away and carrying off stones and earth to fill up the breach in the bund of the tank; there were many bullock bandies employed on the same work. Turning to the Judge's house on my right, I perceived the mark left by the water on the compound wall was about two feet above the level of the road. The wall was breached in several places, but the bungalow does not appear to have suffered; there are two large and very deep holes in the road outside this wall, some of them upwards of a yard in depth; (I heard that two women had been swept away by the current, but were afterwards rescued.) Resuming my walk I had completed a circuit. I arrived at the Skew, or Dyke's bridge; the scene of destruction at this, I may call new bridge, is dreadful to behold; two large chasms are exposed to view, where the flood has washed away the superstructure and works under the water line to a great depth. A large number of coolies are employed filling up the channels of water now running through the lowest part of the road to form a dry path by way for pedestrians to and from Nellore; here I was again obliged to partially strip, and I at length found myself again on the Nellore side, and I quickly made my way home for a dry suit and a breakfast. During the flood the occupiers of those houses which were supposed to be in a safe locality, were put to the greatest inconvenience by the constant coming of so many friends taking refuge from the flood which had driven them from their own domiciles; notwithstanding this, they were everywhere received with a hearty welcome, the inmates being only too happy to afford them the best accommodation they could in the time of their dire necessity. Many of these houses of refuge became overcrowded, which made it very inconvenient to both hosts and refugees. It is even in some degree the case now, as some houses having been swamped with water are not sufficiently dry to occupy.

At the village of Pootapallem, which I reported as having been washed away in a previous letter, a man was endeavouring to appropriate some logs of timber which were in the stream and made fast to some trees, when he was swept away by the current and drowned.

The Northern Mails arrived here this day *en route* to Madras, having left Ongole since last night. Mr. Barbour (Post Master here), made an attempt on Thursday to forward a mail towards Ongole and the more northern towns; but was unsuccessful in getting farther than Covoor (Kanuloor), the village three miles across at this place. It was pushed on to-day by another route. A mail arrived at Nellore this day from the north, first since last Saturday.

I reported in my letter of yesterday that 30 men were rescued from trees on the north bank of the river; I have just been informed that they were bandy-drivers, and that most of their bandies and bullocks had been swept away. Some thousands of coolies have been employed on the road, repairing damages at the anicut, and the roads leading to it.

NOTICES.

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